Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, APRIL 21, 1890. No. 270

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—To buy an appropriation loan in the Building Society at once. Address price and full particulars to X. W., Times office. ap21-1w

WANTED—Advertiser wants to exchange (Free and Easy) value $350, for a good building lot in Victoria. Address P.O. 617, Victoria. ap21-1w

WANTED—A young lady clerk. Inquire at Chicago Candy Factory. ap21-3t

WANTED—Ten men to work around saw mill good wages to good men. Also one first class ship carpenter. Apply Employment Office, 55 Government street, City. ap21-3t

WANTED—A timepiece with capital as partner in a well established store business. Apply A. O., Times office. ap21tf

WANTED.—A Girl to look after children. Apply to X. Times Office. ap18-1w

WANTED.—Waitress at the California Hotel. Good wages for the right person. Apply at hotel, Johnson street. ap14-3t

WANTED—A furnished house in a good locality. Apply to X. Y. this office 6t ap6

WANTED.—An jobbing Gardener, painting, or any kind of work, all not heavy. G. James, 122 Chatham street. ap15-6t

WANTED—A girl or middle aged woman to do light house work. Two children in family grown up and going to school. The bulk of washing given out. Apply at No. 120 corner of Herald and Blanchard streets between the hours of 2 and 6 o'clock p. m. ap12 1m

WANTED—Immediately, two first class cigar makers. None but first class men need apply. A Gregg & Son, Yates st ap9 tf

WANTED—A strong boy to carry parcels and make himself generally useful. Apply at the White House. ap8-tf

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE ENERGETIC young man, with thorough business tact, to collect family tea trade. One experienced preferred. Apply to Victoria Tea Company, corner Douglas and Yates streets. Apr 17-tf

HELP furnished free. White Labor Employment office, 55 Government street, Victoria. ap15.tw

TO LET.

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 153 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS can be had at Miss McCullish' private hotel, 63 Superior street, James Bay. ap12-tf

TO LET—New four roomed house to let and furniture for sale. Furniture in use only four months. Irs Fenton, No. 24 Church-ny. 3t8

TO RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms to rent; 2 minutes walk from Post Office; healthy location. For particulars apply to No. 6 Humboldt street, city. ap16-tf

TO LET—A FURNISHED ROOM, NO. 27 Douglas street, corner Kane. Apr 17

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy8 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, R.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUAYLE, jel-1y Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. JAMES SCLD, N.G. dec

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening in Forester's Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER, oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

JOHN J. AUSTIN, NOTARY PUBLIC. Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street, Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND FITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Ships re supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY, Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000. H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent, Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Can. Soc. C.E. MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts represented for all kinds of Engineering or surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District. Address P. O. Box 346, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake, B. C. jan29

G. HARGREAVES, CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT. Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—A Jessder, E Flannigan, H F Armstrong, I Van Volkenburgh, J W Tolson, J F Garden, Dr Lefevre, W Monteith, N Berckett, Annie McLean, S Glassford, Chas Dare, H P Alvery, A Gilmore, F Cameron, Geo Rogers, A A Sadelmann, A W Jones, Miss Rock, R A Shore, Mrs Hodgson, F Devlin, F W Hart, E K Beeston, W F Wilson, Mrs Gordon, G H Barnard, E Long, P Thompson, Jno Stranger, Thos Howell, C Kerkowan, P J Donovan, W C Reed, Hy Barker, Wm Green, C Fuller, T H O'Brion, Mrs Green, Mrs F S Barnard, K Silverman, C G Hobson, A E Stebbins, W H Clark, A A Merritt, B Quillas, L Gimore, F Palmer, B R Whitney, A D Ashton, W Billings, W Beecher, E L Snowden, M Bertam, Mrs B Fary.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—M G Drummond, Fell & Co, A D Gray & Co, Fell & Co, H Mansell, J Hansen, W & J Wilson, R P Hilbert & Co, J Norris, C A Prescott, Victoria Electric Tramway Co, H Saunders, M J Smith, Lenz & Leiser, Rt Rev Bishop Cridge, J T McMaster, Brackman & Ker, Albion Iron Works, E C Kellogg, Mrs Vigor, W J Jeffrey, J Piercy & Co, Russell, Mcdonald & Co, J Mitchell, Hastie & Lockhart, Dominion Express Co, W Cash, Anna Holton & Co, J Fullerton, R Cunningham, E G Prior, Langley & Co, F N Gibbes & Co, S Leiser, T McConnog, Geo Powell, J Sommers.

E. C. Kellogg carries the cleanest, newest stock of drugs, medicines, and sundries.

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

LINES TIGHTLY DRAWN—PROTECTION AND RECIPROCITY.

The Government Will Make the N. P. a Battle Cry—The Liberals Will Fight for Reciprocity—British Columbia Wants Increased Taxation.

From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, April 12.—Party lines between the two great parties in the Dominion Parliament have at last been tightly drawn so that "he who runs may read." There is now no possibility of misunderstanding them. Mr. Foster, the other evening, made a brief but highly important speech while the tariff resolutions were under discussion, so that there is now no doubt as to the course the government intends pursuing, and what its policy will be when next an appeal is made to the people. Sir John Macdonald and his followers have nailed the flag of protection in its most aggravated form, to the mast-head, and are evidently prepared to sink or swim under its colors. The radical changes in the tariff, which are retaliatory in their character, no matter what the government may say, gave indications that the present administration had no intentions to negotiate with the United States for reciprocity, but the strong declaration of Mr. Foster that we were no longer going to appeal to the neighboring republic on those grounds settled the matter conclusively. "We are not to be cravens," said Mr. Foster, "and in future we intend to tread our own independent path." (Conservative cheers).

SATISFACTORY ALL ROUND.

If this announcement meets with general satisfaction from the Conservative party, certainly the Reformers should have no right to complain. In fact, they have much cause for rejoicing. There was for some time past an impression existing that Sir John Macdonald would steal the Grit programme of reciprocity and go to the country thereon. Indeed, until the tariff changes made their appearance there was some reason to believe that there was a little truth in the rumors. Liberals apprehended if not feared it, at all events. Under the circumstances the open declaration of Mr. Foster gladdens the heart of the Reform party. It has for two sessons held fast to Unrestricted Reciprocity, and now its opponents have openly declared it. The issues between the two political parties are therefore straight and well defined. What the result may be a fastidious public alone will tell.

GROUND DOWN WITH TAXATION.

The more the tariff changes are enquired into the more objectionable do they become. There is no gainsaying the fact that they go in the direction of making the burdens of the working classes more difficult to bear, while the rich are not sufficiently taxed. Everything that goes to maintain sustenance in the toiling masses are increased by taxation, notwithstanding that we are told that there is a surplus of $2,500,000 in the treasury. Flour and pork are two staple articles of food, and both are heavily increased by taxation. The argument of the protectionist is that these articles will not be increased since enough can be raised in Canada to meet the demand of all classes, but on the other hand they declare that a reduction of taxes on molasses and a rebate on corn will greatly cheapen these articles, so much used in the Maritime Provinces. In other words, their illogical contentions are that by adding to the taxation does not increase, but by taking from does decrease. If the Government continues to go on imposing additional taxes on the necessaries of life, making Canada a dear country to live in, and building around it a Chinese wall, fraught with producing the most evil consequences, they but leave a legacy behind which generations yet unborn will have to grapple with. The history of every highly protected country in the world bears out the same results.

FREE TRADE VS. PROTECTION.

It may be opportune to argue in favor of free trade, although it is the true system for all countries, and a revenue tariff is what Canada needs in the meantime, yet there is no disputing the fact that protection in eleven years in Canada has been productive of the most evil consequences. To narrate these results, and to show what heavy taxation has done, is said to be unpatriotic and running down one's country. Those who say so now had a very similar tale to tell between 1874 and 1879. They went further than the truth would permit and proclaimed to the world that Canada was a country of soup kitchens, and that Mr. Mackenzie and his colleagues were responsible for it. The exodus then reached extraordinary figures, shouted the alarmists, and only the advent of Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues could stop it; and, of course, their election put an end to it.

BRITISH COLUMBIA WANTS MORE TAXATION.

Mr. Barnard, one of the representatives from the Pacific Coast, made a short if not very sensible speech in the House the other evening. The question under discussion was an increase of the duty on live animals, cattle, sheep and hogs, exported from the States to Canada. The reason of the duty being increased from twenty to thirty per cent. was due to assist the farming community. The Government say that in this way the depression among agriculturists will cease, as better prices for meat will be obtained. Mr. Barnard congratulated the Government on behalf of British Columbia for this increase of taxation. His province, he said, feared not taxation, and this special item would be of great benefit to the people. He praised the Government and abused the Grits. It was pointed out to him, the immense export trade we had in these products of the country, while our import trade was a mere bagatelle. In Ontario there was one sheep imported in 1889, and the entire duty $3. None of the other provinces imported any except British Columbia, Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. In British Columbia the imports of sheep were 33,816 at a duty of $12,607; in the Northwest, 2,056 with a duty of $1,091, and in Manitoba 6,742 with duty of $2,671. In horses, cattle and swine the result is somewhat similar. It will therefore be seen that British Columbia has found it necessary to import heavily from the States as the province could not supply the demand. The insanity of increasing the duty under such circumstances is apparent. It merely adds 10 per cent. to the price of mutton to the miners and the working classes of the province, and the man whom they voted for is exultant over the fact. Just fancy the idea of one of the people's representatives arguing that the success of his province lay in increased taxation and imposing duties on the necessaries of life. It was little wonder that Mr. Paterson (Brant) sarcastically remarked that since increased taxation was what Mr. Barnard wanted for his province probably the Government might be able to comply with his wishes.

A FREE TRADE SPEECH.

Mr. Gilmour, M. P., of New Brunswick, made a vigorous free trade speech in the House of Commons the other evening, and his deliverance was heartily cheered. He pictured in glowing terms free trade England with its millions of money, and protectionist America with its heavily mortgaged farms, and showed that in a few years Britain could buy out the United States. He portrayed in graphic language the evils that protection, which he called a child of the devil, had done for Canada in 11 years and what it had done for the States in three times that period. Having robbed the farmers, the protectionist party of Canada must now turn their attention to pauperizing the working classes. Then the ruin would be complete. Mr. Gilmour is one of the Cobden school. SLABTOWN.

AN UNKNOWN PROVINCE.

Necessity for Advertising British Columbia—A Kootenay Scheme.

Advertising has been shamefully neglected by this Province. Were it no so we should have to-day as large a population as Washington and Oregon combined, or of any other neighboring State. It is not for want of resources that our Province has not all told a hundred thousand people. It is to be supposed that the bounty of nature is withheld north of the forty-ninth parallel and begins again in Alaska? Have any Pacific States such iron, coal and gold fields, such silver deposits, such marvellous fisheries, such superb attractions for tourists as we have? Is there anywhere, for instance, to be found such a climate, such lovely surroundings as we enjoy here in the Capital? No, the difference is not in our wealth, but in our administration of it. It cannot be expected that without advertising our goods that they will find as ready a market as our enterprising neighbors always find. Firstly, advertising, secondly, advertising, lastly, advertising, must be our policy. We must bid for immigration, and for capital, or we shall not get it. So we have urged it again, but our advertising literature is confined to certain venerable documents eagerly consumed by moths and rats in rusty disuse. Mr. Dennis Harris told a sorrowful story about the ignorance of Londoners about us on his return from Europe. But what have we done to injure the Londoners?

Now, Mr. H. R. A. Pocock, a valued contributor to the TIMES, has just made a very sensible proposition to the Government. He offers to spend six months in travelling the Kootenay valleys by a route of one thousand miles to collect useful data; and then to prepare a book to fully advertise the best interests of that district. He will take several hundred photographs from which to illustrate the book, to perform the entire service for the mere payment of traveling expenses, and to receive nothing whatever for his services unless the book is accepted. Further, he has proposed that the Government and C. P. Railway jointly undertake this venture, the former advancing the expenses, the latter paying for the author's services upon the acceptance of the book.

The proposition is now before the executive and the C. P. R. board, and is very influentially supported. The City Council and Board of Trade have both passed resolutions urging its acceptance by the Government.

As far as we are concerned, we most heartly wish Mr. Pocock success in his venture, for we are sure that not only no better man could be chosen to do the work, but that it cannot fail to be of great public service in the giving of reliable information and the general advertisement of the Kootenay valleys.

Beaconsfield as an Orator.

As an orator, generally speaking, he could hardly be compared with Mr. Gladstone certainly not with John Bright, perhaps not even with Beecher at Beecher's best. To be sure we have the testimony of his earley friends that in youth he was very impassioned on his eloquence, but he learned to repress or prune his early style, and became calm, almost cold; in "the lonesome, latter days." Except on extraordinary occasions, then, he should be deemed a great debater rther than a great orator. Yet there is nothing uttered by any speaker, ancient or modern, that fills one with such a sense of perfect power as Disraeli's response in the House of Commons to the nobleman who taunted him with his Hebrew origin. The taunt was mean; the reply royal. Springing to his feet, his dark eyes flashing like swords, he exclaimed: "Yes I am a Jew. When the ancestors of the honorable gentleman who has flung this fact in my face as a taunt and an imputation—when the ancestors of that honorable gentleman, I repeat, were brytal savages in an unknown island, mine were priests in the temple. I feel every fibre of my being thrill with the traditions of my people."

A splendid line of choice imported cigars at Kellogg's, corner Yates and Douglas streets.

WILLIAM'S WELCOME

AT BREMEN TO-DAY BY THE GERMAN POPULACE.

A Noted English Turfman Blows Out His Brains With a Revolver—Loss of a Steamer and Fifteen Lives—Parnell Attacks the Government.

LONDON, April 21.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Parnell moved the rejection of the Government's Irish Land Purchase Bill.

Colonel Brace has suicided by shooting himself with a revolver. Brace was a prominent patron of the turf and a breeder of horses, and the owner of the stallion which won the Derby and Epson events in 1884.

News is received here that the steamer Bilboa has been lost in the North Sea and fifteen persons drowned. She left Grimsby on April 8th for this port.

The Charleston.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21—The U. S. cruiser Charleston returned from her trip to Monterey this afternoon. Her guns have been thoroughly tested and her crew rigidly drilled during the past week. She will probably remain in port ten days or two weeks.

William's Welcome.

BREMEN, April 21.—Emperor William, who comes here to lay the foundation stone of a monument to be erected to the memory of his illustrious grandfather, arrived this morning. His reception was a most enthusiastic one.

A Cronin Echo.

CHICAGO, April 21—Frank Woodruff was formally discharged from the indictment for complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin, in Judge Howe's court this morning. He has been in jail eleven months. Three full terms of court had passed since he was remanded for a separate trial was the ground on which he was discharged. His attorney will demand a trial for him for alleged horse stealing at this term of court.

Out on Bail.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Chief Justice Bingham of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to-day admitted C. E. Kincaid to bail in the sum of $30,000. Kincaid has been confined in jail for some time past charged with the murder of ex-Representative Taulbee.

ENGLISH CAPITAL

To Assume Peru's National Debt for Concessions of Land, etc.

New York, April 21.—A scheme known as the Grace Peruvian Contract Company, which has been projected for so long a time, and which is to assume the national debt of Peru, amounting to £25,000,000, in return for valuable concessions and land grants from that government, has been organized in London. Its directorate is composed of Sir Alfred Dent, of Dent, Bros. & Co.; H. R. Grenfel, a director of the Bank of England; the Earl of Donoughmore; S. B. Lubbeck, of Roberts, Lubbeck & Co.; D. Hineman, of Hineman & Co.; H. Gray, a director of the Great Western Railway; Douglas Galton; F. F. Liddesdale, of the East and West India Dock Company; H. Orens, an Amsterdam banker; and Sir Henry W. Tyler, Chairman of the Grand Trunk Railway. The trustees of Peruvian bonds deposited with the country are the Right Hon. Sir John Lubbock, member of Her Majesty's Privy Council; Right Hon. Sir N. S. Elphinstone; Grant Duff and G. H. Hopkinson, of the great banking house of that name. Ex-Mayor Grace said to a reporter yesterday that he had received word from London to the effect that the first issue of £7,500,000 debentures of the company, which is known as the Peruvian Corporation, had been all taken up. The sale was made on Tuesday of last week, he said, and was to close on Saturday. By Thursday the amount had been already over-subscribed, thus assuring the entire success of the scheme financially. The capital stock of the corporation is £16,500,000, or double the amount of Peru's original national debt. It is proposed only to raise money as fast as it is needed.

FROM THE ORIENT.

A Chinese Element Agitating Against Foreigners—Shipwreck.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—The steamer Rio de Janeiro arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama yesterday afternoon, bringing the following advices: Attempts are being made to stir up an anti-Christian and anti-foreign excitement in Wuchang, China. Inflammatory placards have been distributed throughout the city and posted up at the most conspicuous places. The rowdy element are going about calling for the extermination of foreigners, and American and English missionaries have notified their consuls of the fact. The viceroy has been requested to take stern action in the matter.

The other day a policeman, escorting three Chinese prisoners to jail, came to an untimely end at their hands. They fell upon him in an unguarded moment, strangled him by a rope, binding him and flung his corpse into a jungle.

The American ship Gleadon, from New York with a cargo of kerosene, went ashore at Kanonsaki, Japan, on the 24th of March. She will be a total loss. Steps are being taken to save the cargo.

General Le Gendre, formerly United States consul at Amoy, has been appointed secretary to the Corean home office in Seoul and is likely to become the king's foreign adviser in case Judge Denny of Oregon should leave.

Eight Hours a Day.

All over Australia to-day, the 21st of April, is celebrated as a general holiday in commemoration of the establishment in 1856 of eight hours as a legal day's work. The plan has been in operation for thirty-four years and found to work well.

THE CAPITAL.

Newfoundlanders Want to Come in—What Sir John said.

OTTAWA, April 21.—Hon. Mr. Chapleau stated in the House to-day that the labor bill would be introduced this session.

A delegation is on its way from Newfoundland to interview the Dominion Government on the question of federation. This is due the difficulties that have arisen with France over the bait question. They imagine by joining Canada they would be able to get out of trouble.

General Laurier moved a resolution to-day for closer trade with our sister colonies. Sir John Macdonald said that "if Canada was able to secure a commercial treaty with any of the colonies, England would not object."

In the Senate this afternoon Bellerose made an attack on Moylan for his reference to his report on penitentiaries to Senator McInnes, and said it was an attack on the whole Senate. This provoked a long debate.

COMING THIS WAY.

The Northern Pacific Railroad Negotiating for Another Steamer.

E. E. Blackwood, the energetic representative of the Northern Pacific Railway in this city, is authority for the statement, and gratifying news, that the Northern Pacific is now negotiating for the purchase of the steamer Eastern Oregon, at present lying in San Francisco.

The Eastern Oregon is a small ocean steamer, though larger than the City of Kingston, and is well adapted for the Victoria-Tacoma route, between which points she will ply, provided the sale is made. She is a comparatively new boat, something after the model of the speedy steamship City of Puebla, and besides being exquisitely fitted up has large freight accommodation.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

R. Tolmie is again in the city, after a trip south.

C. G. Hobson, the well known canner, is in the city.

T. Lubbe was an arrival by the Kingston on Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. A. Mara is reported to be seriously ill in Kamloops.

Capt. Arthur W. Jones returned last night from a visit to Scotland.

Mrs. D. W. Higgins and Miss Maude Higgins have returned from Toronto.

Dr. Callanan, of this city, has gone to Kootenay, where he will remain for a time.

E. W. Mathews leaves this evening for a trip through the interior in the interests of Dun, Wiman & Co.

Mrs. F. S. Barnard arrived from Ottawa last night. Mr. Barnard, M.P., will likely leave for home during the week.

Rev. Elliott W. Brown, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Seattle, is visiting the city and will remain for several days.

Capt. Siward, of the schooner Ocean Belle, has nearly recovered from his illness, and will go north to join his vessel in a few days.

The returns, up to the hour of going to press will be published daily, in the Great Chair Contest, so that every one may know how their pastor stands on the list.

George Garesche returned from California after several months sojourn Saturday evening. He is much improved in health, and as the saying is, is looking fine.

Lieut. Seaton Karr is making complete preparations for his northern trip, purchasing several needed additions to the outfit to-day. He leaves on Wednesday by the Elder, with three henchmen.

J. G. Brown, the popular baritone of the city, has been ordered by his doctor to do no singing for the next six months. Mr. Brown, always ready and willing to accommodate his friends when anything in the musical line was required, is suffering from a disease of the larnyx, common to singers, but which is sufficiently serious to require careful treatment.

Having a Good Effect.

Papers recently to hand from the Maritime Provinces—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and P. E. Island—contain flattering notices of the TIMES special edition. Letters from that part of the Dominion to a member of the TIMES staff state that "the paper will do your city good service in correcting a popular error that Victoria had some time ago taken second place among the western cities."

Mrs. Mary Barclay.

One of our most noted pioneer women, Mrs. Mary Barclay, died at Oregon, a few days ago.

Mrs. Mary Barclay was born on the 15th of April, 1826, at Stewart Lake, British Columbia. She was a daughter of Pierre Chrysologe Pambrun, officer in the British army of a Canadian regiment, and Mrs. Catherine Pambrun. Her father participated in the war of 1812, after which he joined the Hudson Bay Company, in British Columbia. In 1831 her father, with his family, went to Oregon, and directly afterwards he proceeded to Fort Walla Walla, where he remained to the day of his death. His family afterwards moved to Vancouver, Wash.

Rev. Arthur Beanlands delivered an eloquent discourse last evening at Christ Church Cathedral, taking as his text the words, "Let him who is without sin cast the first stone." At the close of the sermon he made an appeal to the benevolent in behalf of the Refuge Home.

The old police cells have been fitted with a large skylight, which greatly improves the gloomy interior both as regards light and fresh air.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE THIS AFTERNOON.

The Attorney-General Introduces an Amendment to Repress the Ardor of Aspiring Ministerial Candidates and it Passes.

MONDAY, APRIL 21.

Mr. Speaker took the chair at 2 p. m.

WANT OF CONFIDENCE.

Hon. Mr. Robson wished to know if the resolution on the notice paper to be moved by the member for Cassiar, expressing want of confidence in the Government was to be gone on with. As that member was not in his seat, he asked the Leader of the Opposition if he would be present in the House to-day?

Hon. Mr. Beaven—I am not the member for Cassiar's keeper.

FENCES.

Mr. Tolmie introduced a bill to amend the Fence Act. Bill read a first time.

PRIVILEGE.

Mr. Ladner corrected a report of his remarks in the Colonist on the redistribution debate.

ELECTION CHANGES.

The Attorney-General moved the second reading of a bill to amend the Election Regulation Act. He explained that the object of the bill was to provide that a candidate should, on offering himself for election to the Assembly, make a deposit with the Government, which deposit should be returned him providing he received half of the number of votes of the successful candidate. Otherwise he forfeited his deposit. This was the same law as was in force in the Dominion elections. It was a wise law, protecting the Government against unnecessary expense, and bona fide candidates against annoyance. The deposit which this bill proposed was $200.

Mr. Semlin considered the bill an interference with the choice of the electors. It was very difficult to get good men to offer themselves, and without this law the electors should say who they wanted to represent them and who they did not. The increased expense which a large number of candidates threw on the government was infinitesmal, the printing of extra names on the ballot papers being about the only expense. To say that it was a Dominion law did not furnish any guarantee that the principle was a sound one.

Hon. Mr. Robson said the bill was not aimed at good men, but at men who fancied they were popular, and who to gratify a desire to run an election would probably not mind forfeiting their deposit of $100, which sum he would propose to reduce the deposit to in committee.

Mr. Ladner congratulated the Provincial Secretary that he had supported a bill so obviously against himself. He told of a little incident where a large number of candidates were running in his district, when the Provincial Secretary proposed that they should speak in alphabetical order.

Hon. Mr. Robson—Never saw such sublime cheek. He was requested to speak in alphabetical order.

Col. Baker said there was another aspect of the case. A candidate was frequently put to make an election and cause a little money to be spent.

Mr. Orr remembered the time when the Attorney-General would not be so anxious to put up $200 for the privilege of running elections. Proceeding, he corroborated the statement of Mr. Ladner concerning a request by the Provincial Secretary in a certain contest that the speakers should come in alphabetical order so that he might speak last.

Hon. Mr. Robson—I say it is untrue. (Hear, hear.) He contended that the object of the bill was to make a source of revenue out of the misfortune of candidates who were ambituous for political honors. All men were not able to put up $200, and he did not see why a man who was not well able to do so should be compelled to give way to the man who had $200 to sacrifice if necessary. He moved the bill be read this day six months.

Mr. Cunningham—There are many men who would do honor to themselves in the Legislative Assembly who would find it a hardship to deposit $200. This legislation was against the spirit of the age and he would vote against it. The motion for the six months hoist was lost and the bill passed into committee.

REGULATION OF VOTERS.

The attorney-general moved the second reading of the Voters' Bill, which he explained became necessary by the passage of the Election Regulation Bill. New districts were created, and the object of the bill was to state who should be permitted to vote in these districts.

Mr. Orr asked that the further consideration of the bill be allowed to lay over for a day or two, inasmuch as it affected every district in the province dealt with by the Constitution Amendment Bill. The bill had just been laid before the members, and in a casual glance at it, he saw that the voting power of Vancouver city was greatly reduced.

Mr. Ladner supported the request of the last speaker. The bill should have been brought forward long ago with the Redistribution Bill, but as it had not he would ask that consideration be laid over so that the two could be examined together.

Hon. Mr. Davie agreed to allow the bill to lie over, subject to the call of the Government at any time.

Mr. Semlin rose to speak.

Hon. Mr. Davie—It should not be discussed. I made the concession on the understanding that there should be no discussion now.

Mr. Semlin—What is the honorable gentleman afraid of?

On motion of Mr. Orr the debate was adjourned.

The Election Regulation bill passed 14 to 5.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

CONTINUATION OF DEBATE ON THE REDISTRIBUTION BILL.

Mr. Semlin Protests Strongly Against Its Passage—Mr. Orr Records His Opposition—Ministers and Other Members in Support of the Bill, Etc.

Continuation of the debate on the Redistribution Bill in the Assembly on Friday evening:

Mr. Semlin did not desire the bill to come to a vote without giving his reasons for voting against it. There was, he considered, no defence for the measure and he would like to know why it was sought to force it upon the House. Indeed, he could see nothing more injurious to the country. If a part of the people of British Columbia were disposed to allow such legislation to pass it was most discouraging for the future of the province, and he felt never more discouraged in approaching a subject than at the present time. It was a delusion and a snare for the Government to say that if the people were not given all they felt themselves entitled to, it would be better for them to trust to the Government to do them justice later on. Would anyone say that Ireland was entitled to the same representation as Great Britain? Yet here an endeavor was made to establish the same principle. It was ridiculous to suppose that Long Island was entitled to the same representation as the State of New York. Yet here was an endeavor to establish the same state of things. The situation was discouraging, while the Premier himself was being placed between the Devil and the Deep Sea. Did, he would ask, the Premier submit his policy to the country? No, he had not done so. He had not exhausted the resources of his endeavors to meet the difficulty by the present half measure. The Premier had the matter in his own hands, and it was ridiculous to suppose that he had exhausted all his resources to produce a better measure than the half way bill that he had brought in. He characterized the bill as a deliberate act of injustice, of which the Government had been afraid to let the people know. He knew of no better word to apply to this measure than the word "conspiracy," if that were applicable to the course which had been pursued in this regard. The Premier had done much to create dissatisfaction and misunderstanding. He had admitted that an injustice had been done which would be remedied in four years. But if the government were afraid to do justice now would they be in a position four years hence to do better? There was nothing, taking the records of the past eight years, to induce members to believe this. The government were, it was manifest, afraid to have this matter submitted to the people of the Mainland.

Hon. Mr. Davie—They are not afraid to meet the people. The premier will be elected at the head of the poll in his own district.

Mr. Semlin—This might be so; but there was a possibility of his being deceived and defeated, as he had been on more than one occasion. The present measure was merely a temporary shuffling expedient, and the House would be in no better position four years hence to deal with a state of things which they were now desirous of perpetuating. One section of the province was, according to population, entitled to a greater proportion of representation than the other, which was entitled to four times as much on the score of contributions to the revenue. Yet the government were not prepared to equitably adjust matters. The leader of the government had said he contemplated a much more comprehensive measure, and desired to shirk no responsibility. He (Mr. Semlin) wished to see every member present assume his individual share of the responsibility of voting upon this subject. The Mainland had no feeling against Vancouver Island; but the present unjust disposition of the balance of power would tend to increase the friction which unhappily existed. The premier had said that so long as the present government were maintained in power, so long would they receive justice. But let that justice be embodied by statute, without any dependence upon the government. This measure was another illustration of the incompetency and unfairness of the government. Certain portions of British Columbia required representation owing to increase in population and development. The government should have been satisfied to have given this representation and stopped here, but to carry out the unhappy idea of "balance of power," when they grant a representative to one part of the Province where it is desirable and necessary, they then hunt around in another part of the Province for an excuse to plant another representative, their idea seeming to be that there are two countries to be governed, and different lines must be adopted in dealing with each. He insisted that this is a wrong principle that we collectively constitute British Columbia and should be subject to the same principles of representation and Government, and this partial and unjust measure will be resented as such by the majority of the electors of British Columbia, who are willing to have and act under the old Roman proverb "Let justice prevail though the heavens do fall." (Applause).

Mr. Orr wished to have the matter postponed, and asked it as a favor of the Government to do so. If the bill was held over till Monday he would not oppose the second reading although not agreeing with the principle of it. The Leader of the Government in his speech referred to the proportion of the representation of Island and Mainland at the time of the union of the Colonies. At that time Victoria with a population of about 3000 received four members, which she has retained ever since. The Premier also claimed that if the balance of power had actually been in favor of the Island, the Mainland had always received justice. Did the honorable gentleman mean to say, that, if the Mainland had a majority of votes that justice would not be done to the Island? The growth of the population and industries of New Westminster District and particularly in Vancouver city, the terminal city of the greatest transcontinental road in the world, had been very rapid. Vancouver with a population of over 15,000 and the value of her real property over $10,000,000, and manufactories employing hundreds of men, had only two representatives, while a few islands in the Gulf, with only a few hundred inhabitants, was allowed a representative and other constituencies created in order to maintain the balance of power, which the Premier advocated when the last amendment took place to the constitution. The measure was not a just one. It did not give the Mainland representation according to its population, wealth and industries. He believed the people of Vancouver would much prefer to have the representation remain as it is, rather than to have such an unjust measure forced upon the people at the present time. He should therefore vote against the second reading.

Mr. Anderson complimented the Government on the way in which they had drawn up this measure and distributed the representation. He thought they had come to a happy conclusion, and he would not ask for any change in a measure so beneficial.

Hon. Mr. Davie contrasted the broad statesmanship of the Premier with the carping, fault-finding policy of the leader of the opposition. That gentleman had dodged the main question at issue, which was whether for the present at all events, the existing balance as between the Mainland and Island should not be maintained, and when both he and the member for Cassiar had been asked the pointed question whether they favored a preponderance of representation for the Mainland over the Island, and how they could bring about the increase proposed in the cases of Vancouver, Westminster and Westminster district, without giving that preponderance, they both refused to answer, which showed that they were a pair of trimmers, and nothing better. Although there were other important considerations to be taken into account in fixing representation as between the two sections, he (Mr. Davie) thought the chief one was population, and until after the census had been taken there was no reliable data upon which to proceed. What was now before the House in the shape of voters' lists showed the two sections pretty evenly divided—within a few hundreds—and such being the case there was nothing to justify a departure from the existing basis. The members for Westminster and Yale had done themselves infinite discredit by their intensely sectional addresses. The member for Nanaimo, (Mr. Haslam) with his accustomed practical sense, had suggested to him (Mr. Davie) that possibly the best plan would be to concede an increased representation to the Mainland of a member, upon the condition that in 48 hours they agreed where to put him. They never could agree.

Mr. Smith (after a recess of 20 minutes at midnight) said he did not think the opposers of this bill had brought forward a single instance why representation should be based on population. Representation in the United States is not based on population. If population were considered in all cases the city of New York would be entitled to send about 150 members to Congress. He had not the least fault to find with the Government for their action.

Mr. Martin wished to take a broad view of the matter. Referring to Cariboo, he said, if it had not been for Cariboo, where would the Island and the whole Province be to-day? The whole Province owes a debt of gratitude to Cariboo, and although the placer diggings in that locality are worked out, yet Cariboo is now on the eve of great developments. The honorable member for New Westminster city now had joined the Opposition. He (Mr. Martin) wished to congratulate the honorable Leader of the Opposition on the support he had acquired. The member for New Westminster remarked about the amount spent by the residents of his district for agricultural advancement. Why, if he wished to be sectional, he could show how much Yale had spent in the same direction. But he wished to take the broader view of the matter under discussion, and did not want it to be thought that he looked at it in the narrow-minded way that his honorable colleague (Mr. Semlin) did. He did not dread the meeting his constituents, knowing as he did that his constituents were too intelligent and too enlightened to be led astray by the false arguments brought forward by the Opposition.

Mr. Pooley said the measure was not produced in haste, it was well-considered, and the Leader of the Government deserved credit at the hands of the House and the country for considering the interest of everyone. The only views brought forward against the measure were sectional views, particularly by the member for New Westminster city, whose sole and only cry was: "Why are you discriminating against New Westminster?" His views were so narrow, that he could not get beyond the district which he represented. The speaker was sorry to see his honorable friend the member for New Westminster district also display the same sectional feeling. Some people will rush in where angels fear to tread. It was really extraordinary that these gentlemen could not rise above the district they represent. Why could they not look at it as a constitutional question? For his own part, he thought that the measure would meet with the satisfaction of the whole country. The leader of the Opposition had stated that the electors would be blockheads if they kept the present Government in power. When the honorable gentlemen comes back to the House next year and finds the Government still in power, he will have to admit that there are a great many blockheads in the country. And when he (the Speaker) went down to his constituents at Esquimalt (and they are by no means blockheads) he could explain to them the position that he had taken with the Government on this question, and Esquimalt would support the Government and return the members to support the Government again. He could not understand why the Mainland (he meant New Westminster) was making such a stir. Did they think that because they had a few more population now that they were going to get control of the legislation of the country? Mr. Pooley quoted the Agricultural society incident showing what the Mainland would do if they had the power over there. No threat from any person or deputation that might come down here will induce the Government to depart from what they believe to be their duty.

Mr. Ladner rose to explain that as President of the Provincial Agricultural society he had had, directly or indirectly, nothing to do with the resolution referred to by the Hon. Mr. Pooley.

Mr. Orr stated that the reason the exhibition was again voted to be held at Westminster was because that city had gone to an extra large expenditure, and a second year would enable them to overcome the financial strait in which they found themselves.

Hon. Mr. Turner said the Leader of the Opposition had asserted that Hon. Mr. Robson should control the other members of the Government, and if he could not get them to agree with him, he should resign or form a new government. The honorable gentleman quoted from Todd to prove his position, but he was sorry to say that in his usual manner he had only quoted as few words as suited himself, the same way as he had done with respect to the public accounts. He gave only a part of the truth. The Hon. Leader of the Opposition had said that originally the representation of the Province was fairly divided between the different interests. He (Mr. Turner) found that roughly speaking there were ten members for ten mining districts, ten for agricultural and seven for cities. This bill gave three additional to agriculture, one to mining and two to the cities. This certainly, taking into consideration the changed circumstances was a fair distribution. One honorable member had complained of the Islands. He compared the Islands to the rocky ones at the entrance of the harbor. That honorable gentleman did so from ignorance of what the size and resources of the Islands were. They were valuable districts having, many of them, good land and valuable timber. Others were rich in minerals, and all were adapted for the fishing industry. There were about 27 of them, with a population probably 1000 to 1500 in all, and from their situation they could not be fairly represented by a member from the mainland or from Vancouver Island.

Mr. Croft agreed with the bill introduced by the Government, and pointed out several fallacies in the arguments of the member for New Westminster city, and especially in his statistical comparisons.

Hon. Mr. Vernon said that the honorable the Leader of the Government had expressed clearly his views in the matter of the present bill. Various members, however, had quoted statistics in support of their claims, for further representation, simply for gaining sympathy in their local surroundings instead of considering the general interests of the Province. In their small minds they thought that they would gain a few votes. The honorable senior member for Yale had said, the other day, that while he would support the principle of the Railway Aid Bill for the Ashcroft-Cariboo road, yet he could not favor it for the other railways. This was a most selfish spirit to evince. He surely did not believe the good sense of his constituents could not see the smallness of his motives. The honorable Chief Commissioner was proceeding with a vigorous criticism of Mr. Semlin.

Mr. Speaker—Excuse me, I think it would be better to keep to the subject under discussion. The political record of the senior member for Yale is not that subject.

Mr. Vernon—Very well, Mr. Speaker. He urged the members of the House to put all sectionalism aside and act, not as if they represented some particular portion of the province. It was not a question of whether one district had more or less voters than another. The future prospects of the districts in the way of development and consequent population should be considered. The prosperity of one section should only be regarded as a source of common thanksgiving.

The question was then put and carried on a division of 15 to 5, and the House adjourned until Monday.

You can vote once, or 500 times, as you see fit, for the handsome arm chair. See the conditions of the contest in another column.

CELEBRATION
—OF—
HER MAJESTY'S BIRTHDAY.

THE GENERAL COMMITTEE ARE REquested to meet on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, at the City Hall.

S. PERRY MILLS,
Hon. Secretary.

April 17th, 1890. ap18

CELEBRATION
—OF—
Her Majesty's Birthday.

OFFICERS OF THE VARIOUS ORGANIzations desirous of taking part in the celebration of 24th May, are requested to communicate with me as to what part they will take in the proposed celebration, in time to lay proposals before the general committee, to be held at 8 p.m., on Monday, the 21st instant.

S. PERRY MILLS,
Hon. Secretary.

April 17th, 1890. ap18

Faber's Golden Female Pills.

For Female Irregularities; nothing like them on the market. Never fail. Successfully used by prominent ladies monthly. Guaranteed to relieve suppressed menstruation.

SURE! SAFE! CERTAIN!

Don't be humbugged. Save Time, Health, and money; take no other.

Sent to any address, secure by mail on receipt of price, $2.00. Address,

THE APHRO MEDICINE COMPANY,
Western Branch, Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

E. C. KELLOGG, Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agent for Victoria. ap21yr-eod

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

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ISOM LANNING & CO.,
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CHASE & SANBORN'S
THE ARISTOCRATIC COFFEE OF AMERICA.
SEAL BRAND
JAVA & MOCHA
COFFEE
ALWAYS PACKED (GROUND OR UNGROUND) IN 2 lb. TIN CANS.
BOSTON COFFEES

FREE A BOOK CONTAINING 24 BEAUTIFUL PHOTOGRAPHS ILLUSTRATING COFFEE CULTURE: A PERFECT ART ALBUM WILL BE SENT ON RECEIPT OF A POSTAL CARD BEARING YOUR ADDRESS.

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CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

NELSON CITY, B.C.
Just Put on the Market.
LOTS from $50.00 Upwards.

These lots are the best SNAP ever offered to speculators and investors.

Lots adjoining this subdivision are now selling for from $200 to $500 each.

For sale for one week at the above figures, by Lowenberg, Harris & Co., W. H. Mason, J. J. Austin, and

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.
51 YATES STREET.

ap5-2w

LOTS! LOTS!
For SALE.
Esquimalt Road and Cadboro Bay Road—Fort St. Extension.

Good Water. Excellent Drainage. No Dust.
Electric Light. Electric Tramway.

ESQUIMALT ROAD.—We have for disposal a number of most eligible building sites on this well known property, which is situated on the south side of the Esquimalt Road; a great advantage in the Summer season, owing to the absence of dust. The property being near the sheltered cove of West Bay enables residents to avail themselves of the pleasures pertaining to a seaside resort.

CADBORO BAY ROAD (FORT STREET EXTENSION) Adjoining the private property of R. W. Pearse, Esq., and commanding a magnificent view of Mount Baker, San Juan Island and the Straits of Fuca; having city water and being on the principal line of the Electric Tramway will enable residents to combine the advantages of country with city life and its conveniences. This exceptionally desirable property has been under cultivation for some years but is now laid down to grass. The soil is unsurpassed for garden purposes.

Terms, one-third cash, balance 6 and 12 mos., at 7 per cent.

Or—Ten (10) per cent. discount for cash.

Special inducements offered to purchasers engaging to build.

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.
ap23-6m

MUNICIPAL.

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the City Clerk's office up to Wednesday, the 23rd day of April inst., at 4 p. m., for the work of strengthening James Bay Bridge in accordance with plans and specifications which may be seen at the office of the City Surveyor.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

ap11-4d

CITY POUND NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday the 16th inst. at 12 o'clock noon, one bay horse, with white right hind foot, will be sold at the city pound by public auction, unless redeemed and pound charges paid on or before that date. By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

ap 9-td

MUNICIPAL.

THE Corporation of the City of Victoria, B.C., hereby offers the sum of $200 for such sewerage plans and specifications for the said city, as shall be approved by the said Corporation.

Said plans and specifications to be prepared according to the "Separate" system, to be indorsed "Sewerage Plans and Specifications," and to be received at the office of the undersigned not later than the 1st day of May next at 8 p.m.

All information will be supplied, and levels shown on the city map, on application at the City Surveyor's office, City Hall, Victoria, B.C.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's office,
March 6th, 1890. mar7

MUNICIPAL.
DOGS AT LARGE.

The public are requested to take notice that all dogs found at large within the city limits after this date without the Corporation tag for the current year will be impounded and dealt with in accordance with the provision of the Pound By-Law.

Dog tags can be obtained on application at the City Hall.

By order

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, April 1st, 1890. ap1-1d

LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 5 and another part (2 acres) of section XXXIII Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to George Thomson on the 10th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 30th April, 1890. ap30-4m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 23 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I shall register the above lot in the name of Robert Purvis McLennan and Edward John McFeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the 29th day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office
Victoria, 2nd April, 1890. ap2-3m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 428, 881, 882, 883, 888, and 889 in the City of Victoria.

CERTIFICATES of Indefeasible Title to the above lots will be issued to Thomas Adcock on the 14th day of May, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria,
12th February, 1890 fe12-2m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 1357 Victoria City.

WHEREAS THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE of Ann Jane McNiff, Peter Irvine and Arthur Abernethy Irvine, to the above lot (carrying date the 20th day of February 1861) has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is therefore given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 6th March 1890. mar15-1m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, junior, on the 15th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry office,
Victoria, 16th April 1890. ap16-3m

NOTICE.

ANDREW TOLMIE having leased the premises occupied by me for so many years at 45 and 47 Yates street, will carry on the business in conjunction with Duncan Stewart, under the name of

TOLMIE & STEWART,

and by a careful selection of liquors and strict attention to business will keep up the well established reputation of the house.

Thanking my friends for their patronage in the past, I would request a continuation of the same for my successors.

JOHN BOYD.

Several comfortable furnished rooms to let on reasonable terms. ap5-1m

A GOOD BUTTER WORKER.

A Good Appliance That Any One Can Make.

The work of butter making is not so easy, says Farm and Home, that dairymen can afford to do without the best appliances. Where only a small quantity of butter is made, however, it may not pay to invest in an expensive butter worker. The one shown in our engraving, if well made at home, will do very effective work and do it much more rapidly than the hands. Hard maple or beech or some other close-grained and tasteless wood will be needed for the table top and roller. The table on which the butter is to be worked is almost in the shape of a triangle, the roller being hung at the narrow end.

The roller should be made something like the shape of the housewife's rolling-pin.

BUTTER WORKER.

The handle by which it is manipulated should of course be somewhat longer than the projection at the opposite end, which is inserted in an auger hole to hold it in place. The roller should be carefully turned and then planed in to a six or eight-sided figure. This will be the most difficult part to make, and had best be intrusted to the local cabinet or wagon maker. This table must have boards about three inches high at the edges and slope in such a way that the buttermilk will drain off. It must incline from the person using it. At the narrow end of the table, where the buttermilk is to escape, a few small grooves should be cut with a gouge.

SWINE COUGH.

Some Valuable Suggestions From a Stock Raiser on This Subject.

Cough is the most common ailment among swine and one the least generally understood. Many hog-raisers believe it is a sure forerunner of cholera, when it is related to that disease but incidentally. Different forms of disease may cause cough, but the prevailing cause is cold contracted the same as in the human family. It is very common for early pigs to catch cold from wading in water and mud. If they come out of a warm bed and have to go into mud and water at once they are nearly sure to contract a cold, the temperature of the body is changed so suddenly. Another theory is that sleeping in dust causes cough. This is not necessarily the case, for many pigs and hogs sleep in dust without coughing. In summer pigs contract cold from excessive heat just the same as we do ourselves. Indeed, the same causes which produce cough in the human family will do so in swine, for the vital organs and general circulation are similar. Hence they need only to be subjected to similar influences to show similar results. Pigs contract cold and cough more readily than larger hogs; and likewise children are more liable to colds than adults. Sudden changes in the atmosphere, chilly winds, and cold rains will produce cold and cough. Change in sleeping places—even from very poor to very good bedding—is another cause. During the war soldiers returning on furlough from the tented field and sleeping in feather beds contracted the severest colds. If swine sleep too warm cough is sure to follow as a result. The extreme heat of summer is another cause.

Breeders often get letters from customers stating that pigs shipped to them have a cough. This is often true, although the pigs did not cough before shipment. The changes and exposure during transit cause cold and cough. It is quite frequent when pigs are shipped in winter that they are transferred from a hot car to express wagons, hauled to offices, and then set out on sidewalks for hours to await the arrival of customers. Then the pigs are put into open wagons with no covering for crates and hauled for miles. Is it any wonder they cough? Or rather, is it not a wonder that they live?

In most cases nature throws off colds; but when colds continue I have used the following remedy with gratifying results: Pulverized licorice, 1 pound; elecampane, 1 pound; black antimony, ¾ pound; sulphur, ¾ pound; pulverized resin, ¼ pound; copperas ¼ pound; asafoetida, ¼ pound. For a pig one teaspoonful in slop twice a day. Pine tar in trough is also a valuable addition. This formula is the result of my study of pigs coughing and the uses of common medicines. It has proved effectual in every case for me as well as with several other breeders who have tried it.—D. L. Thomas, in Breeders' Gazette.

Improved Highways.

The president selected for the New York State Roads Improvement Association is a wealthy citizen who is a public-spirited citizen and willing, if necessary, to spend five or ten thousand dollars out of his own pocket to forward the cause of good roads.

Millions of dollars throughout the North and West have been tied up this fall and winter because of the mud blockade on the roads. This ought to set every one to thinking how it could be avoided. No one is responsible for the bad roads, but it is only a question of time when farmers, merchants and drivers will wake up to having their roads built as the bridges are, on a cash basis by a contractor under bonds. That is the only way, and we wish our Legislatures could be dragged through the mud for a few weeks so that they could realize the necessity for a change.—Ann Arbor (Mich.) Courier.

Outwitting the Clerk.

"The best lawyer story I know of," said a prominent clubman yesterday, "is this: A Napa county man arrived in town not long ago and went to a hotel, the name of which shall be undivulged. In the evening he handed the clerk a $50 bill for safe keeping, saying: 'I'm going out to have a look at the elephant to-night, and don't want to carry much money around with me.' There happened to be only that one clerk in the office as he took the bill, put it in an envelope and apparently stuck it in the safe.

"Two days later the visitor sauntered into the office looking rather sheepish and dejected. Waiting until he saw the clerk alone he sidled up and said: 'I will trouble you for that $50, please.'

"'What else?' asked that official coolly.

"The guest recalled the incident of his handing over the money for safe keeping, but in spite of his insistence the clerk denied all knowledge of the matter. Whereupon the man of Napa county consulted a lawyer.

"'Procure another $50 bill,' said the lawyer, 'take a friend with you, and go to the clerk again. Say you find you were mistaken and that you discovered the bill in your pocket. Ask him in your friend's presence if he will keep it in the safe until you need it. Then come back to me for instructions.'

"The visitor did as he was bid and returned to his legal adviser the next day. 'Now, go back to the hotel alone and when you find your clerk disengaged ask him for your money.'

"This the visitor did, and the money was forthcoming.

"'Now,' said the man of law, when the client applied for further orders, 'take the friend who was a witness to your handing over the second $50 bill, go with him to the clerk and ask for your bank note again.'

"The ruse was entirely successful. The clerk, finding that his victim had a witness to the transfer of his money and that a denial would be useless, stepped behind the desk, dug the original $50 bill from his pocket, thrust it into an envelope, stepped to the safe, and, pretending to take it out, handed back his booty."—San Francisco Examiner.

One from John.

There was a very pleasant diversion for quite a circle in the parquet between the acts at one of Kansas City's leading theatres the other night, although the scene covered with confusion a very charming young society lady. She is from Chicago, although until a couple of years ago a resident of this city, and her visits here are quite frequent. Some time ago she was paid no little attention by a young man with whose mother and sisters she is intimate; but recently he gave way to another, and by him she was escorted to the theatre on this night, the two being the nucleus of a considerable theatre party. Just behind them sat the mother of the young man who was of old the young lady's regular escort, and with her was her youngest son, a bright lad of 7 or 8. He was always a pet of the young lady, and as soon as he set eyes upon her he waited impatiently for the curtain to go down. Then he spoke, and she turned pleasantly to greet him.

"Oh, I forgot," cried the lad presently. He threw his arm about the young lady's neck, pulled back her head, and gave her a sounding smack on the cheek.

"John sent that," said the imp, very audibly, referring to his elder brother, as he settled contentedly back in his seat.

And all the rest of the evening that young lady's cheeks were like the reddest of red roses.—Kansas City Times.

Genius and Talent.

And there is very much to be said in favor of art, as in direct opposition to genius. The poll parrots of life are artificial. The lions of the forest depend upon the developments of the moment. Genius is erratic; art is methodic. Genius flames with fury and burns with zeal; art is like a glacier or an iceberg—always precise, exact. It is difficult to determine which is the better of the two so far as effects are concerned. Individual comfort alone considered would argue very strongly in favor of art, for art has no moods; art is never disturbed; art is the same in winter as in summer, while genius suffers with humanity, soars into the very altitudes of rejoicing with honorable prosperity, enters into the troubles of the world, appreciates the discomforts of the moment, revels in the intoxication of the hour, never knowing from day to day what will be its condition, and, therefore, in no sense a fit guider for a people or an individual, without metes and bounds and horizons, the placing of which is a task fitted for the hands of the Almighty alone.—Joe Howard.

Australian Trees.

Comparing the forest giants of Australia with those of California, a native of the former country remarked, triumphantly, "Why, we can give 'em a hundred feet and lick their heads off." This was an incautious boast, for actual measurement has proved that the Sequoia can reach the height of 500 feet. An English traveler says of the Australian trees:

There are not merely a few detached groves of big trees as in California, but there are thousands of these giants, the whole hillsides being covered with them.

The greatest tree at present discovered was at Mount Bawbaw, and was measured by the government surveyor and found to be 471 feet. It was a Eucalyptus amygdalina.—Youth's Companion.

One Little Piggie.

I owned a litter of pigs. They throve well until a month old, when their throats swelled, and spite of all remedies they all died except one, which was nearly dead. Laughingly I said I would try Yellow Oil, and gave it a thorough application. He improved at once and soon was all right. William Windsor, Brinsley, Ont.

Merchants Luncheon.

From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lowenberg at the Bank Exchange.

MANTLES

I take pleasure in calling the attention of the ladies to my

Spring Mantles,

Which have just been received from England, feeling assured that they will give

GENERAL SATISFACTION

No Carried Over Stock

As this is my first season with this department.

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
IN ALL SIZES.

C. L. TERRY

Yates and Broad Streets.

ap19

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE REQUESTED BY 3 p. m. of Friday, April 25th for the building of a residence.

Plans and specifications to be seen on and after Friday, the 18th inst., at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

CORNELIUS J. SOUCE,
ap15-td Architect.

DISSOLUTION.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Sidney Shore & Joseph I. Seabrook under the firm name of Shore & Seabrook, farmers, Galiano Island, has been dissolved by mutual consent this 15th day of April 1890.

All accounts due the late firm will be paid to, and liabilities due by them will be paid by S. Seabrook, on or before the 30th April instant.

SIDNEY SHORE,
ap15-2w JOSEPH I. SEABROOK.

NOTICE TO ELECTRICIANS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UP TO Saturday, 19th instant, at noon, for the Electric Bell-wiring, and for Electric Bells at the P. R. J. Hospital.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ap11-td Architect.

GRANITE! GRANITE!

A Ledge of Good
BUILDING GRANITE
near the city to be sold by tender. Apply to

M. MORRISSEY,
ap14-1w Cedar Hill Road.

SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,
125 Gov't Street.

RE-OPENED.

Having leased the well-known

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

(Corner Johnson and Store Streets),

MR. JAMES DALY will re-open it as a first-class lodging house. Good accommodation for 100 guests. All modern conveniences. Open day and night. mar24

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 300 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.
nov18-2m

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows

Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.

WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows
IN THE PROVINCE.
sept5d&w

USE

NAPTHAZONE

THE

NEW DISINFECTANT

For sale by all Druggists at 15 cents per pound; two pounds for 25 cents.

LANGLEY & CO.

Wholesale agents for British Columbia.

ap19

S. S. HYAMS,
ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 Fort Street, one door from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. ☞ OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29 1m

UNION CREDIT & PROTECTION ASSOCIATION.

HEADQUARTERS—293 Main Street, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Collections made in every part of the world, and if not collected no charge.

J. E. COLLINS,
Manager and Treasurer.

Correspondence solicited.
ab4-tf

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

New Goods this Week.

BOYS' SAILOR SUITS in French Twills, Diagonals, Serges and Drills.

GIRLS' SAILOR DRESSES AND BLOUSES in newest and best wool and cotton materials.

GIRLS' COSTUMES in Silk, Cashmere, and new wool and cotton fabrics.

LADIES' ZEPHYRS and Flannel Wrappers and Dressing Gowns. Tea Gowns in very choice styles.

D. SPENCER,
Government Street.
mh31-3m

New Goods. -:- New Styles.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.,

Clothiers and Hatters

97 JOHNSON STREET.

Good Value! Low Prices! Splendid Assortment Boys' Suits!
March 25-4m

SCOTCH HOUSE

31 Fort Street.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

—ALSO—

A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

feb27 McLEAN & STEWART.

JUST RECEIVED.

Two - Carloads - of - Plows - and - Harrows,
1 Carload Paint,

—ALSO—

A SUPPLY OF FIELD ROLLERS, LAWN ROLLERS, LAWN SWEEPERS, Etc., Etc.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

S.E. Cor. Yates and Broad Street,
VICTORIA, B.C. mar19

LONDON HOUSE.

H. A. Potts & Co.,

Artist Tailors, Douglas St., opposite Clarence Hotel

Our Special Consignment of Goods consists of ENGLISH, SCOTCH, IRISH and AMERICAN SUITINGS, for which we intend to charge EASTERN PRICES.

—: First Class Cutter. Fit Guaranteed. :—

Suits to order, from $22 00
Pants " " 5 00

☞ NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS. GIVE US A TRIAL. ☜

H. A. POTTS & CO. mar19-1m

CAMPBELL & SIMPKINS

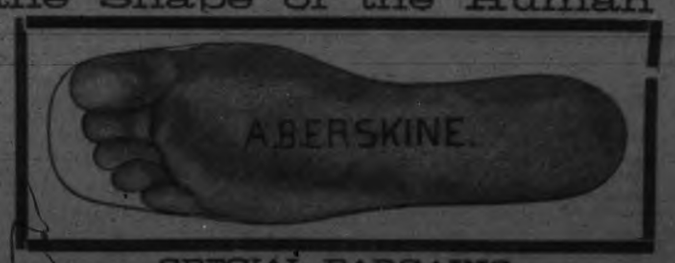
HAVE RECEIVED FIRST INVOICE OF

SPRING ★ GOODS

Latest Styles, Latest Fashion Plates. 88 Government Street.

WAUKENFAST BOOTS

Are the Shape of the Human Foot



SPECIAL BARGAINS.

Ladies' Kid Button Boots $3 00
Misses' Spring Heels, from 2 00
Mens' Calf Congress Shoes $3 00
Boys' School Shoes, from 1 50

ERSKINE'S BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM, 132 GOVERNMENT ST.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line	
Two weeks	25	" "
One month	30	" "
Three months	85	" "
Six months	$1 50	" "
One year	$2 75	" "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,

WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

"WITH ALL HIS FAULTS THEY LOVE HIM STILL."

Most people judge of their fellows by their acts. He who gives freely is reckoned benevolent; he who eats to repletion is reckoned a glutton; he who enters a house surreptitiously after nightfall is reckoned a burglar; he who breaks the ninth Commandment is reckoned a liar; he who absconds with his employer's funds is reckoned a rogue; he who enters politics from motives of private gain is reckoned venal; he who betrays his constituents is reckoned unreliable; he who preaches one thing and practices another is reckoned to be either inconsistent or daft. The employment of these rules, as determining the stuff of which men are made, and to what extent they may be trusted, are in general use in every civilized country under the sun, save in British Columbia. Here they have fallen into innocuous desuetude, particularly as touching men who have a voice in shaping the course of provincial affairs. Here the politician who betrays his constituents in no wise impairs his standing among them; here the free trader who casts his vote for "National Policy," apparently, in no sense impairs his standing as a person of common sense.

Nor is this extraordinary condition of affairs peculiar to British Columbia. It exists in Eastern Canada. It is not as pronounced in the eastern provinces as in this province, but it exists there all the same, as is evidenced in the disposition of the Tory press to rate RYKERT a martyr to the cause of his wife's pin money. We might allude to Generals MIDDLETON and LAURIE, as men who ought, but who probably will not, forfeit the confidence of their Tory friends, but with the multiplicity of cases we have in this vicinity it is superfluous to go abroad for them.

It has just been said that the man who betrays his constituents is reckoned unreliable. It does not appear that the Columbian and the World think so. These two organs for the past week have been howling against Redistribution as being disingenuous, as one-sided, and as prejudicial to Mainland interests. They regard themselves betrayed, the victims of an unscrupulous, political cabal and of personal ambition. They know in their hearts that the Hon. JOHN ROBSON is as deep in the mud as his colleagues are in the mire. They have been made aware by language coming from his own mouth that he chose the alternative of forfeiting their faith in him rather than go to the country on a question which lay so close to their hearts. It does not appear, however, that this has impaired the integrity of the Government in the estimation of the brace of organs in question. They utter maledictions loud and deep against the government for unequally distributing the political flesh pots, but, in dealing with school matters, they have no difficulty in touting in the Government's interest. The Columbian, than which no other Mainland paper has expressed itself more strongly on the iniquity of the Constitution Act, manages to come to the front to the effect that the TIMES, in preferring "reckless charges and insinuations against the Department of Education" has "seriously disbredited itself in the eyes of the truth loving and fair minded people." Now, in the light of the Premier's betrayal of his constituents, is the Columbian warranted in making such a sweeping statement? Upon the assumption that the rules laid down at the outset of this article are safe rules for guidance in estimating the character of men, can the Columbian logically infer that the Government can be dishonest in one thing and honest in another? Is not the assumption of the Columbian that the management of the Department of Education is above reproach, the circumstances of the Redistribution Bill considered, in violation of all the rules of circumstantial evidence? But, ejaculates our contemporary, the report of the committee exonerates the Government of having reduced the Department of Education to a political machine. Now the Columbian knows very well that investigations of this kind like the Constitution Act are "partial." The Columbian knows very well that under no circumstances where the issue can be dodged do committees sift evidence thoroughly when it is plain that in so doing they would have to submit a report contrary to the interest of the party they represent. It is notorious, in connection with the investigation which the Premier professed to court, that just so soon as evidence was offered which would throw some light on the real question at issue the committee immediately ruled it out as irrelevant and immaterial. Nobody in the Province believed when the personnel of the committee was made known that the investigation would amount to anything. The TIMES certainly did not at all events.

As an instance of the mental opaqueness of the committee, their utter inability to separate the judicial from the partisan function, they attempt to institute a parallel between the cases of Miss RAMSAY and Mr. ALEX. ROBINSON. In the case of the former, Mr. POPE interprets the letter of the law strictly. There being no possible chance of his losing political prestige by keeping within the law in Miss RAMSAY's case, he shines forth an exemplar of Spartan virtue. In the case of ALEX. ROBINSON, however, he suddenly lapses into an educator moved solely by political expediency. With the precedent of Miss RAMSAY still fresh in his memory, he nevertheless scarcely makes a pretence of reminding the Vancouver trustees of the character of the law. Profoundly impressed with the political necessity of making himself solid with a doubtful constituency, he disregards the fact that there were several applicants for the Vancouver school holding A and B grade certificates, and promptly issues a temporary certificate. It is useless to argue that none of these applicants were satisfactory to the trustees. These applicants possessed the requisite certificates of professional ability. According to law these applicants were capable and efficient, and consequently, in issuing a temporary certificate to Mr. ROBINSON, the law not only was broken, but virtually it was made to appear that the applicants were not as efficient as their certificates alleged them to be. In refusing to adhere to the law in this case, Mr. POPE placed himself in the position of a man who has given another a certificate of professional capacity but who subsequently refuses to recognize it. The applicants for the Vancouver school having obtained their certificates of professional capacity are presumed to be competent persons. These certificates were granted them by a board of examiners presumably competent to judge. Against these specific evidences of professional worth the private convictions of School Trustees are not supposed to have a feather's weight. Nevertheless, Mr. POPE chose to ignore these specific evidences of professional capacity, to go square back on certificates which, probably, had emanated from himself, and issue a temporary certificate to a total stranger. Suppose two men should apply to the Hon. JOHN ROBSON for employment, one of them holding a certificate of ability and of character signed by Mr. POPE, and suppose that Mr. POPE should tell the Hon. JOHN ROBSON to employ the other man, what would we think of that. And yet, besides breaking a law expressly designed to protect teachers, who at great trouble and expense have obtained certificates of character and of ability, from Mr. POPE, that is just exactly what he has done. He virtually repudiated a certificate of character over his own signature. The law, therefore, has more than been broken; Mr. POPE has expressed himself as dubious of the capacity of individuals seeking employment on the strength of his own recommendations. So much for the Department of Education as a consistent and anti-political organization. So much for the thick-witted investigating committee. So much for the common sense of the twin towers—the World and the Columbian. If the Hon. JOHN ROBSON should conclude to stand again for New Westminster it is a good two to one wager that the Columbian will support him.

THE FIRST EFFECT.

The Messrs. OGILVIE, millers, are the first so far as heard from to take advantage of National Policy. They have increased the price of flour fifty cents on the barrel. Thus is National Policy exemplified, and we would ask where the benefit comes in except to the Messrs. OGILVIE. Where is the compensating feature of the thing? Is wheat worth any more than it was before? Have wages been enhanced to meet this extra tax? In all candor, may we not call "National Policy" Manufacturers' Policy? The farmer pays fifty cents per barrel more for his flour but his wheat remains at the same old price. The laborer puts up his extra fifty cents but he is not compensated in the shape of an advance in wages. The general consequence of the arrangement is, that the Messrs. OGILVIE are being enabled to loll about in purple and fine linen, while the laboring man's resources against a rainy day are proportionately diminished. Sir JOHN and his supporters may fancy that such an arrangement will consolidate and strengthen Canada, but he will find that it will disintegrate Canada; that men disgusted at political conditions which foster individual rather than national wealth will listen to HENRY GEORGE, and peruse "Looking Backward" with renewed avidity. This is inevitable. Cannot the politicians see it? Where are the eyes of our leading men that they cannot discern the signs of the times? Cannot our leading men perceive that the electorate is beginning to think for itself and that though they as yet only see their way darkly, the resolution is taken that the existing order of things must be modified? A singular fact was that Rome thought she was the strongest on the eve of her fall. Shall it be said that we are not suffering from a similar delusion? Of course we shall not fall as did Rome, but the change of national policy will be no less tremendous. Put on the screws, gentlemen, it will hasten the dawn of more equitable conditions.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The News, rejoining to our failure to reciprocate its protectionist theories, lays stress on the low condition of the labor market in the Pacific Coast States. Why was not our contemporary frank enough to say that soup kitchens are peculiar to Toronto? Why should the News ignore the fact that Tory papers have practically said that every thirty-second person in Toronto was a pauper? We will be frank enough to say that we question whether free trade would relieve pauperism in the cities. No matter what may be the policy of any government, it is scarcely likely to eliminate pauperism from metropolitan centres. Says the News: "Our mines will not be opened as long as prospectors and miners are compelled to take out licenses, harassed and put to much expense in complying with obsolete and useless regulations, or mulcted for royalties to corporations. Our farms will not increase in number, our tillable area will not be greatly extended, as long as immigrants are forced to buy wild and unimproved lands at high prices from speculators instead of obtaining them at a moderate cost and on easy terms from the proper source—the Government. Our natural resources in forests, metals or fisheries will not be developed by capitalists as long as the latter find it impossible to obtain the least information from any department of the Government as to the localities where these things are to be found, or the degree in which they exist. When these changes are made, when the country is opened for the many and not reserved for the few, then British Columbia will forge ahead." Will the News please bear in mind that this is not orthodox; that in addressing itself to the public in this strain, it closely imitates Mr. BEAVEN's style; that, in fact, not many weeks ago, Mr. BEAVEN addressed himself to the Government to like effect? The first thing the News will know "Honest John" will drum it out of camp. Thou art too brazen altogether, O! News.

Suits to order, large range of patterns, $25. Gillmore & McCandless.

One dollar will buy a box of dozen bars of Pendray's White Castile Soap.

Baby carriages of latest styles just received by John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weiler's, 51 to 55 Fort street.

You should secure a lot in Fernwood. Beautiful residential property. Enquire of the leading estate agents. *

Shaving outfits, pocket and table cutlery, scissors, etc., in large variety at M. & H. Fox, 78 Government street. *

Go to Bigger's for your choice confectionery, shipped from 'Frisco fresh every week. Fruits, drinks, etc., No. 86 Government street. *

J. C. Smith, chimney sweep, 34 Collinson street opposite St. Joseph's hospital, or orders may be left at Irving's shoe store, 90 Yates street. *

There is no such stove polish as the "Nonesuch." Only 20 cents per bottle. Ask your grocer for it, or at Geo. Phillips', No. 152 Government street. *

Aspinall's Enamel for renovating and beautifying everything (150 colors). No house should be without it. 50 cts. per tin. Ashlerley, 115 Government St. *

The ladies of Victoria will find it to their interest to examine my stock of white linen before purchasing elsewhere Stamping done. Mrs. Hendry, 37 View street. *

Do you wish your pastor to spend his leisure hours in the TIMES magnificent easy chair? If so write his name on the coupon in this paper, cut it out and send to the Easy Chair Editor, TIMES Office.

MUSICAL UNION.

The Victoria Musical Union will meet at Philharmonic Hall on Saturday evening, April 19th, at 8:30 prompt. All members are requested to be present. Business important.

GEO. PAULINE,
Secretary.

Apr 16-td

GRINDLAY & BARRETT

Real Estate, Mining Stock and Share Brokers,

Douglas Street, opposite Clarence Hotel.

We have a choice selection of City and Suburban properties in Victoria, on the Mainland and the Sound ports. Also a few good investments for capital.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention, and we take pleasure in answering all inquiries, and furnishing full information, plans and prices.

ap17tf

SUBURBAN PROPERTY

Some Well Situated

LOTS FOR SALE

Situated between NIAGARA and BATTERY Streets, close to BEACON HILL PARK. Also several Large Lots from one and a half to three acres, near Major Peters' house, on upper Belcher Street, commanding the finest scenery in the neighborhood of Victoria.

H. E. CROASDAILE, 42 FORT ST.

KEEP YOUR EYE

ON

ABBOTSFORD

ap17

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.,

Japanese Merchants and General Importers

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA,

Have received by the S.S. "Patthia" a select cargo of goods suitable for the spring and summer. Screens for fire-places, etc.; Paper Lanterns, Paper Napkins, Bronze Goods, more Silk Handkerchiefs, Morning and Tea Gowns, etc., etc.

All kinds of Japanese, both black and green.

IMPORTANT—Special Notice.

Having bought the business of Messrs. C. Gabriel & Co., "The Japanese Bazar," 45 Government street, the fine and varied stock of Porcelain, Bronzes, Screens, Silk Goods, Costumes, Gloves, Corsets, Jewelery, Wool, etc., etc., will at once be removed to 41 FORT STREET, and marked at greatly reduced prices.

REAL BARGAINS.

Our great success during the short time our store has been open, conclusively proves the need of a Japanese store where all kinds of goods can be had at a reasonable price.

We are open to supply all Japanese manufactures and produce at close prices, quality guaranteed. Special consignments arranged, to any amount.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

41 Fort Street mar5 Victoria.

PICKET -:- WIRE -:- FENCING,

At from $1 to $2 per rod (16½ ft.) 4 feet high.

— MANUFACTURED BY —

McLENNAN & McFEELY, - - 70 YATES STREET.

WM ECKERT,

The Cash Grocer's Quotation:

FLOUR, per bbl	$5 25	TOMATOES, 4 tins now	25
OATMEAL, Rolled	15 lbs. for 1 00	PEAS, 4 tins, new	25
" cash	10 " " 45	JAMS and JELLIES, 5 lb tins	1 10
CORN MEAL	10 " " 40	PIE FRUIT, Assorted, gallon tins	75
SAGO and TAPIOCA	10 " " 1 00	MINCE MEAT, Superior, 5 lb. tins	1 00
RICE	10 " " 1 00	SUGAR, Light Brown, 16½ lbs.	1 00
P-EAS, Green or Split	18 " " 1 00	SUGAR HOUSE DRIPS, per gallon	50
BEANS, White or Brown	18 " " 1 00	VINEGAR, Malt	50
CURRANTS (new)	10 " " 1 00	VINEGAR, White Wine	25
RAISINS, VALENCIA, (new)	10 " " 1 00	BUTTER, Creamery 30 cts. per lb., 2 lbs for	50
PRUNES	from 6 to 12 " " 1 00	HAM, Choice Eastern, per lb	17
APPLES, Dried (new)	from 6 to 8 " " 1 00	BACON, 15 cts. per lb or 3 lbs for	1 00
PEACHES " "	6 " " 1 00	COAL OIL, Pearl, per tin	1 75
APRICOTS " "	6 " " 1 00	T. & B. TOBACCO, 5 brands	1 00
PEACHES, 2 to 4 tins, new	30	EGGS, Island 25 cts. per doz. Imported, 30 cts.	
APRICOTS, 2 tins, new	30	COFFEE, Victoria Blend	25
PINE APPLES, 2 tins, new	30	" Mocha, Java and Ceylon	40
CORN, 1 "	1 00	TEA, 4 lbs. MM for	1 00

Remember the place: 173—Government Street, corner Herald—173

mar17-3m-dw

CARESCHE, GREEN & CO.

—:BANKERS:—

Government St., Victoria, B.C.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

Gold Dust and U. S. Currency purchased at highest market rates.

Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada.

Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe.

Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

J. H. GRAY. F. A. DEVEREUX.

GRAY & DEVEREUX

CIVIL ENGINEERS

AND

Railway, Land, and Mine Surveyors.

Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington.

Timber limits located.

Office—Room "C," White House (up-stairs), Government street.

P.O. Box 338.

BRANCH OFFICE IN SEATTLE.

feb7-6m

CHAS. HAYWARD,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,

Broughton St., Victoria.

P. H. DONOVAN,

ARCHITECT.

OFFICE—Croft & Norris Block, Douglas street.

Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap22tf

CORNELIUS J. SOULE,

ARCHITECT,

Member Ontario Association of Architects.

OFFICES—Government street, next to G. H. Maynard's. feb27-1m

BEFORE BUILDING, CALL ON

T. B. NORGATE,

ARCHITECT

And Mechanical Engineer.

Drawings for Patent Office.

OFFICE—Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. m20tf

JNO. TEAGUE,

ARCHITECT,

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

fe20tf

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL.

DR. J. HALL WILL LEAVE HIS ROOMS on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M.D.

(Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.)

Specialties:—Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases.

Office and residency, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall.

Office hours—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

IMPORTED EDINBURGH ALE

On draft at the

HALFWAY HOUSE, ESQUIMALT ROAD

Skittles, Quoits and other English games. Very best of wines, liquors and cigars always kept in stock. JOS. HAYLEY, Proprietor.

my22-6m

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Quadra Streets, Victoria, B. C.

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb27

MRS. MACK,

LADIES' NURSE

After confinement.

Address, No. 80 Chatham Street.

aug9tf

DELMONICO

RESTAURANT AND OYSTER PARLOR

109 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

E. ESCALET, Proprietor.

This establishment is first class in every respect. Every delicacy of the season served in the best style. The finest imported wines and liquors are kept at the Delmonico.

Private dining rooms for ladies. Open day and night. Polite and attentive waiters.

Private parties catered for in any part of the city on the shortest notice.

N. B.—Having engaged a celebrated eastern cook for the season, patrons of the Delmonico can feel assured that all orders placed in his charge will receive the greatest care and attention. ap9tf

--: PRINTING :--

By Electric Motor Power.

JAS. A. COHEN,

38 FORT STREET,

Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing. Inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.

Come and See the Electric Motor.

ap17-1y

DO YOU WISH TO SPECULATE?

We make a special offer of a limited number of

HALF-ACRE LOTS IN PORT ANGELES

Suitable for subdivision, at terms to suit purchasers.

Old Bank of British Columbia Building.

COOPER & GREEN

No. 82 Government Street, Victoria.

AN EGG WITH WINDOWS.

Observing the Progress of Incubation Through a Piece of Glass.

A French scientist who removed the shell on either side of an egg, without injuring the membrane, in patches about the size of the diameter of a pea, and snugly fitted the openings with bits of glass, gives the following report of the wonderful experiment: I placed the egg with the glass bull's eyes in an incubator, run by clock work and revolving once each hour, so that I had the pleasure of looking through and watching the change upon the inside at the end of each sixty minutes. No changes were noticeable until after the end of the twelfth hour, when some of the lineaments of the head and body of the chick made their appearance. The heart appeared to beat at the end of the twenty-fourth hour, and in forty-eight hours two vessels of blood were distinguished, the pulsations being quite visible.

At the fiftieth hour an auricle of the heart appeared, much resembling a lace or noose folded down upon itself. At the end of seventy hours we distinguished wings and two bubbles for the brain, one for a bill, and two others for the forepart and hindpart of the head. The liver appeared at the end of the fifth day. At the end of 131 hours the first voluntary motion was observed. At the end of 138 hours the lungs and stomach had become visible, and four hours later the intestines, the loins, and the upper mandible could be distinguished. The slimy matter of the brain began to take form and become more compact at the beginning of the seventh day.

At the 190th hour the bill first opened and flesh began to appear on the breast. At the 194th the sternum appeared. At the 210th hour the ribs had begun to put out from the back; the bill was quite visible, as was also the gall bladder. At the beginning of the 336th hour the bill had become green, and it was evident that the chick could have moved had it been taken from the shell. Four hours more and feathers had commenced to shoot out and the skull to become gristly.

At the 264th hour the eyes appeared, and two hours later the ribs were perfect. At the 331st hour the spleen drew up to the stomach and the lungs to the chest. When the incubator had turned the egg 335 times the bill was frequently opening and closing, as if a chick were gasping for breath. When 451 hours had elapsed we heard the first cry of the little imprisoned biped. From that time forward he grew rapidly, and came out a full-fledged chick at the proper time.—London Standard.

Ancient Egyptian Flora.

The National Museum of Egyptian Antiquities at Bulak contains a very interesting collection of plants which have been found in the catacombs and sepulchral monuments of the country. Dr. Schweinfurth was the first to study this ancient flora, which contains no example of a plant that does not grow today in the Nile valley. Nor does the most minute examination show the least difference between the vegetation which flourished fifty centuries ago and that of the present time. In some cases the color of the flowers can be clearly distinguished, as, for instance, the purple larkspur, the red poppy, the reddish brown saffron and the blue lotus.

The leaves of the watermelon contain grains of chlorophyll perfectly visible in the microscope. All these were found in great numbers in the burial places of the fifteenth dynasty, 3,000 years B. C., and in one tomb of the same time some ears of barley. In later monuments were discovered mustard, flax, cucumbers, lentils, pine cones, juniper berries, dates, hollyhocks, chrysanthemums, figs, olives, onions and grapes. Around the necks and upon the breasts of the mummies of 1,100 B. C. were garlands of celery leaves and blue lotus flowers. In regard to the various specimens of grain discovered, it may be added that no attempt to make them grow has ever succeeded, the plants having been subjected to great heat at the time of the embalming and burial, which, while it preserved them, destroyed their germinating power. The cases in which mummy wheat is said to have been raised are due simply to the fraudulent mixture of modern with the ancient grains.—Chicago Herald.

A Woman's Club.

You men have numerous clubs to which you can go and spend your leisure hours, while we—poor creatures—are supposed to spend our spare time at home. I have been long thinking of forming some sort of organization for ladies where they may go in the afternoon and have a good time just like the sterner sex. In the evening we could have receptions for our gentlemen friends. Of course, we would have no bar or smoking room, but would have tea and coffee rooms instead. A club of that sort would be heartily indorsed by numerous well known society leaders.—Society Belle in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Always on Time.

The rigid punctuality of Washington was illustrated by an incident during his visit to Boston just a hundred years ago. Having appointed 8 o'clock in the morning as the hour at which he should set out for Salem, he mounted his horse just as the Old South clock was striking that hour. The company of cavalry which was to escort him did not arrive till after his departure, and did not overtake him till he had reached Charles river bridge.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

Pullman, Ills., is to have an electric belt railroad five miles long.

The direct action of steam at 219 degs. is sufficient to destroy all germs in from five to fifteen minutes. The efficacy of heated dry air is uncertain.

Waste silk has been shown to be the most effective non-conductive covering for steam pipes. The price is high, but the demand is very great.

The largest known flower is the Rafflesia, a native of Sumatra. It measures three feet in diameter, weighs fifteen pounds and has a calyx holding six quarts. The odor is offensive.

Railways are said to consume more than half the world's production of iron, the car wheels required in the United States alone taking more than 2,000,000 tons.

Mr. Magnus Volk has applied electricity to propel a dog cart. The current is provided by sixteen accumulators capable of keeping up a supply for six hours. The cart travels nine miles an hour on asphalt.

About 150 colors are now obtained from coal tar, which have almost entirely supplanted vegetable and animal dyes. Indigo and logwood are the only two of the former class considered of much importance.

An electro-magnet with a carrying capacity of 800 pounds is attached to a crane in the Cleveland Steel works, which readily picks up billets and other masses of iron without the aid of any other device. A boy is thus enabled to do the work of a dozen men.

A patent has been granted in England for the manufacture of vinegar from tomatoes. The fruit, when ripe, or nearly so, is reduced to a pulp and steeped in water for twenty-four hours. The resulting liquor is drawn off, sugar added, and the whole allowed to ferment.

Of eighty-eight species of weeds described by Mr. L. H. Pammel, of St. Louis, as growing in southwestern Wisconsin and southeastern Missouri, forty-six are of European and thirty of American origin. One-third of the latter class, and nearly one-fourth of the entire list, are composites.

Oil seems to wear out by long continued use, and to lose to some extent its lubricating qualities. It has been suggested as a reason for this that the minute spherical globules of which the oil is conceived to be made up become flattened by the wear and pressure, and so do not slide and roll over each other as easily as before.

Dr. Otto Witt, a German authority, attaches some importance to a troublesome silk spinner of India—"Uricula trifenestrata"—from which an excellent fiber has been obtained. This silk worm is extraordinarily productive, the living being surviving two generations in one year, and it forms a new and remarkable source of raw material for the silk industry.

An approximate idea of the amount of manganese contained in steel can be ascertained by means of the magnet. A magnet capable of lifting thirty pounds of ordinary steel or iron will only lift a few milligrams if the metal contain 20 per cent. of manganese. So small a quantity as 5 per cent. of manganese will nearly neutralize the magnetic attraction.

An interesting development in photography is in the use of clockwork in printing from negatives. By this means a continuous web of sensitised paper is drawn at suitable intervals under a negative exposed to a source of light. After printing the paper is drawn, still by the mechanism, through "washer," "toner" and "fixer" successively, and appears finally as a series of finished pictures ready for mounting, and all alike in exposure, color and tone.

FORTY YEARS AGO.

Coffins were very plain and burial caskets were unknown.

Tombstones had longer epitaphs and more verbose eulogiums inscribed upon them.

Business letters were more voluminous and formal and were written in a precise, round hand.

The country retail trade was much better, as people could not so easily run to the city by rail.

Eggs were a shilling a dozen and butter was considered high at eighteen cents a pound.

Much of the silver currency, fips, levies and dollars, was of Mexican and Spanish coinage.

There was York currency, eight shillings to the dollar, and New England currency, six shillings to the dollar.

The diet was more surcharged with grease, the winter breakfast usually being made of salted ham and hot cakes.

Dinner was simply a hasty lunch at noon, and little importance was attached to the necessity for good digestion or a period of rest after eating.

New Orleans sugar muscovado molasses, very black and thin, was the common sweetening for buckwheat cakes. Refined molasses was almost unknown.

The bank bills were of state banks, and the farther west their locality the shakier they were. Illinois and Indiana bills would barely pass in New York.

Bread was home made. Coffee was freshly ground every morning, and the grinding of the family coffee mill was a familiar sound hours before the children arose.

Negro minstrelsy was just cropping out in the traveling circus. There were generally but two performers, who assumed male and female characters. The popular melody was "Jump, Jim Crow."

People did not live as long as they now do, nor was the average health as good as at present. They ate more meat, grease, hot bread and heavy dishes, and drank more.

Reason for It.

Bjones—That young fellow seems rather pessimistic.

Merritt—Yes. He's an amateur photographer, and always takes a poor view of life.—Harper's Bazar.

Not So Much so.

Medium—I suppose you find it quiet and peaceful in the grave.

Departed St. Louisian—Yes, reasonably so, you know, after all—it isn't St. Louis.—Omaha World-Herald.

ILLUMINATE!

The Electric Light is, without doubt, destined to be

The Light of the Immediate Future.

It has proven itself more safe, convenient, cleanly and healthful than any other illuminants.

No ignition from match stumps. No oils to explode.

No gas pipes to blow up. No soiling of goods.

No asphyxiation.

No vitiation of the air of offices or homes.

It is strangely suggestive of recovered sunlight.

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The Ball Electric Light and Manufacturing Co

OF TORONTO

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Long distance Incandescent Lighting a specialty. Isolated plants for factories, mills and mechanics shops, furnished and set up.

The 1000-candle power lamps are a great success.

Prices and all information on application to their general western representative,

R. B. McMICKING,
P. O. Box 397, Victoria, B.C.

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CITY SCAVENGER.

YARDS AND CESSPOOLS CLEANED, BY Contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.

Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Broad streets.

Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY,

GENERAL SCAVENGER.

YARDS AND CESSPOOLS CLEANED, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; E. C. Kellogg, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-1y

H. G. WATERSON,

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GOVERNMENT STREET. m11-6m

NOTICE.

BRITISH BARQUE

EARL DERBY.

NEITHER CAPTAIN J. STEPHENSON OR the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel.

ROBERT WARD & CO.,
Consignees.
ap12-2w Br. Barque "Earl Derby."

NOTICE.

F. H. ROBSON, of KAMLOOPS

IN LIQUIDATION.

ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the above estate are requested to send the same to the office of

R. P. RITHET & CO., Wharf St., Victoria,

duly sworn to before a Notary Public or Justice of the Peace, on or before 31st day of May, 1890.

R. P. RITHET,
ap12-td Assignee of the Estate.

VICTORIA'S EFFICIENT ORCHESTRA

Prof. Granat, Musical Director.

Music furnished for balls, parties, weddings, entertainments, etc. Apply to the headquarters at the London Harmony.

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Hazelton's Vitalizer

For Organic Weakness, Failing Memory, Lack of Energy, Physical Decay, arising from excess of indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight, Self Distrust, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Loss of Ambition, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Stunted Development, Loss of Power, Pains in the Back, etc. Price $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Sent prepaid. Sold by druggists generally. Safe, Private, No mercury. Curable cases guaranteed.

Write for information, enclosing stamp.

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GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 20 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Generative Organs, Poor Memory, Loss of Vigor, Wakefulness, Pimples on the Face, Premature Decay, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Nervous Headache, Dizziness, Fits, Neuralgia, Sleeplessness, Nervous Debility, Hypochondria, Hysteria, Melancholy, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Emissions, Seminal Weakness, Lost Power, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Premature Old Age, Wakefulness

"IN THE FAIR LONG AGO."

Are the old remembered paths still green,
O rose with the warm white heart?
Do the elders yet o'er the waters lean
And the same dim light shine soft between
Where the trees and the brookist part?

O rose with the warm white heart,
Are the pine woods waving still?
In May do the same wild blossoms start
(Ah, me! that the years should have held us apart!)
From the valley and sloping hill?

Whisper it low to my heart, O rose,
Do the fairies still haunt the green
When warm and fragrant the south wind blows,
And far in the west the young moon glows
With the fireflies' glimmer between?

O rose, when the hills grow brown and bleak
With the shadow of autumn days,
Do the truant children vainly seek
For the lilies that grew by the winding creek
And curtained the shining ways?

Ah, wonder not that my pulses thrill,
And my eyes grow dim with tears
Because, O rose, thy petals spill
Their musky fragrance above the still,
Dark grave of the long, lost years!

—Mayfield Herald.

THEIR NEW NEIGHBOR.

"Girls!" cried Margery Kearney, "I've seen him!—Clive Sterling—our new neighbor!"

In quite a whirl of excitement Margery had dashed into the cozy room where her three sisters were sitting. She was shining with rain, from the hood of her silver gray gossamer to the very tips of her rubbers. The fluffy brown curls across her forehead were sprinkled with bright drops, and her cheeks were glowing from her rapid walk.

"You did!" interrogatively chorused three eager voices.

"I really did!"

"Is he handsome?" asked Janet, who appreciated all beauty as intensely as only a plain looking person can.

"Intellectual looking?" inquired Clotilde, who dipped daily into Emerson and professed to adore Ruskin.

"Jolly?" queried little Bertie, who was at the age when jolly people seemed created for her especial amusement.

"No—no—no!" laughed Margery. "Not handsome, or learned looking, or even jolly. He is simply the most awkward looking mortal I ever beheld!"

And she broke into a peal of heartiest laughter at the recollection of her encounter with their new neighbor.

"You see it was this way, girls," jerking off her gossamer, and disclosing a form attired in a dress of chocolate cashmere—a form that was trim, slim and willowy as that of sweet 17 is apt to be. "I was running home in a great hurry—for it's chillier out than you folks imagine—and just as I came opposite the gate of 'The Oaks,' I stopped very suddenly. For right there was the most tremendous black dog I ever saw. I said: 'Go way!' and he didn't budge. I shook my umbrella at him. He wasn't a bit afraid. I said: 'If you don't get out of the way I'll hit you!' and he actually grinned. There was nothing to do but step out in the street—it was so muddy, too—and walk around him. But just then—I suppose my dilemma was apparent from the house—down the path he came running. Oh, he looked so ridiculous! He is about as tall as Jack's bean stalk, lean as a lath, and brown as an Indian."

"Well," exclaimed Janet, "he must be charming!"

"Oh!" cried Margery, going off into a fresh paroxysm of laughter. "What, with his glasses and his coattails flying straight out as he rushed to my rescue he looked like some great curious, comical bird!"

"Birds don't wear glasses," corrected Bertie. "Was his coat a swallow tail?"

The appeal for information was ignored.

"Well, he called off the dog, and apologized for the monster, and—that's all."

"I wish he'd offer me the use of his library," sighed Clotilde.

"They say 'The Oaks' is a perfect palace as far as furnishing goes," murmured Janet.

"I think I'll ask him to loan me the lovely white pony," decided Bertie.

But this rash resolution was rushlessly crushed.

"The Oaks" had been shut up so long—ever since the Kearneys had come to live in the gray green cottage near by. Its owner had gone abroad on the death of his mother, three years ago, leaving his handsome house in the care of a couple of servants. But now that the news of his return had spread, curiosity was rife in the fashionable suburb of Riverview. And not the least interested were Clive Sterling's near neighbors.

A pleasant room this in which the sisters sat; a homelike room, even if the carpet was threadbare, the chairs venerable, the damask curtains darned—perhaps all the more homelike for these suggestions of social service and experience.

Janet went on with her task of remodeling an old dress. Clotilde went over to the window and looked wistfully through the drizzling rain to the red brick chimneys which rose above the house which held the coveted books. Margery, obeying a sudden impulse, had snatched up her ever ready sketch book from the table and was scratching vigorously away. An ecstatic giggle from Bertie, who was peeping over her shoulder, called the attention of the others to her work.

"What is it?" asked Janet.

Margery looked up with a nod and a smile.

"Wait a moment."

On her brisk pencil flew, the dimples in her pretty cheeks deepening as her mischievous smile grew.

"There!"

She held up the open book. The others flocked around her.

"Oh, Margery!"

"He can't look like that!"

"What a caricature!"

Indeed, comical and grotesque was the drawing of the long, lank figure, with the spidery extremities, the flying coattails, the tremendous goggles.

"Oh, just a trifle accentuated—not quite a caricature," she said laughingly, as she scrawled under the picture the words "Our New Neighbor."

"Clearing off!" cried Bertie. "I'm going to run and ask mamma if I mayn't go out."

And off she rushed.

Soon, with her kitten in her arms and her little spaniel at her heels, she was out on the wet road. The rain had quite ceased. The afternoon sun, weary of sulking, was coming out in splendid state. In its radiance every drop on every clover leaf was a glittering jewel, and the pools in the street reflected bits of the brilliant sky.

On and on wandered Bertie, her scarlet skirt blowing backward, her yellow hair tangling flossily as the breeze caught and played with it. As she passed "The Oaks" she paused to put her small, inquisitive face against the iron railing and peer through.

What a grand, big house it was! And how smooth and green was the large lawn, all lovely with beds of bloom! And how sweet the flowers smelt after the rain—the geraniums and carnations, and sweetbrier and verbenas!

"I should so love to see the funny man Sister Margery saw," she said to herself. And then, just as if she had had a magical ring, her wish was gratified. For out on the main walk, not twelve feet away, from a small side path came Mr. Sterling.

He saw the little maiden outside the railing—the bright eyed, curious face. He liked children. He sauntered towards the gate.

"Hello, little lassie! what is your name?"

"Kearney, sir."

"Oh, you're one of the Kearney sisters, are you? Which one?"

"I'm not the clever one," she said.

He smiled.

"No?"

"No. Clotilde is the clever one."

"Well?"

"And I'm not the good one. Janet is the good one."

"Indeed!"

"Yes," with a nod. "And I'm not the pretty one either. Margery is the pretty one."

"And you?"

"Oh, I'm the bad one. At least that is the way Uncle Dick says we ought to be dis-dis-distinguished!"

She was breathless from her struggle with the big word.

"Then," he said, laughter lighting up his quiet brown eyes—"then it was Margery I saw today?"

"Yes, and I think," indignantly, "she was all wrong. I don't think you're one bit awkward."

"Eh?"

"I think you're downright nice. And some day—not now, because the girls said I mustn't, but some day, when we're better acquainted, I'm going to ask you to let me ride on your little white pony."

He bowed gravely.

"Certainly."

"It's so sweet!" growing friendly and confidential. "Do you know that last summer—keep still, Kitty Kearney!" to the pussy, which was writhingly attempting an escape—"last summer Margery, who is the grandest artist that ever lived, I think, made a sketch of it when it was out at pasture. Just wait here and I'll run and get it. Come on, Twig!"

Away she scampered, her little dog after her. Smiling amusedly, the tall, brown gentleman by the gate waited her return.

In about fifteen minutes she was back with a flat book under her arm.

"It is in there, and he is eating grass!"

He took the book rather diffidently, but very curiously, too. It could not matter. Sketches were made to be looked at. And this was a sketch of his own pet pony.

"By George!"

He almost dropped the book.

"Oh, please, please," cried Bertie, in an agony of remorse. "I quite forgot your picture was in there. What won't Margery say! Oh, never mind the pony's picture now!"

She snatched the book, turned, ran home as fast as her fat legs would carry her, leaving Clive Sterling crimsoning and laughing as he never had crimsoned and laughed before.

"Well, I've seen myself for once as others see me, thanks to the pretty one!"

He dropped his eye glasses and sauntered back to the house. For several days he neither saw nor heard anything of his neighbors. Then he chanced to encounter Bertie.

"Oh, please, I can't talk to you," the child said. "The girls say I am so unreliable. You know Margery caught me when I was sneaking her sketch book back, and made me tell her where I had taken it to."

"And then?"

"Then," confessed Bertie, with a contrite gulp, "then she sat down and cried!"

"I say! No!"

"She did. There she is now! Oh, Margery, Margery!"

The girl had come unexpectedly around the corner. To avoid a meeting was impossible. She was quite near her sister and the master of "The Oaks."

"This is Mr. Sterling, Margery. You know you weren't reg-regularly introduced before. I've been telling him how you cried about"——

A delicious blush of mortification, regret, pleading swept across Margery's wild rose face. Frankly she held out her hand, lifted her clear eyes.

"I am so sorry for having been so rude! Will you forgive me if you can? And come over and play tennis this afternoon?"

"Thank you. Yes," he said.

"Why, Margery," the others said to her when he, after a rattling good game, had returned home, "he is just splendid!"

"Good looking, too?"

"And a gentleman?"

"All three!" decided Margery, promptly, as she sought the sketch of their new neighbor and deliberately tore it up.

She is Mrs. Clive Sterling now.

Bertie was her bridesmaid.—Kate M. Cleary in New York Ledger.

The newest and most fashionable stock of millinery, jackets, mantles, jerseys, etc., etc., Stevens & Jenkins, 111 Douglas street. Good dressmakers wanted.

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Knowing the Public do make an effort to buy Groceries as cheap as possible, and we being unable to sell goods as cheap for credit as for cash, have decided to sell, on the first of May next, our Goods for Cash. We will for the balance of this month make the following offer for cash:

11½ lbs Granulated SUGAR	$1 00	3 lbs Good Ground COFFEE	$1 00
14 lbs Coffee SUGAR	1 00	6 tins SALMON	1 00
CORN, per tin 13 cents, or 7 for	1 00	Albert SARDINES, ¼s, c., 6 for	1 00
TOMATOES, 3 tins for	50	5 tins C. & B. MARMALADE	1 00
REINDEER MILK, 6 tins for	1 00	2 pkgs. CORN STARCH	25
5 lb box Good BLACK TEA	1 50	7 cakes Dingman's SOAP	50
1 5-lb pkg. Prices CANDLES	90	5 pekoe PEARLINE	1 00
1 sack Island POTATOES	2 25	Fearman's HAMS, per lb	1
SAGO, 12 lbs for	1 00	20 lbs BEANS	1 00
TAPIOCA, 12 lbs for	1 00	C. & B. JAMS, 1 lb tins	20
FLOUR, Hungarian, per bbl	6 50	10 lbs Valencia RAISINS	1 00
Do. Snowflake	5 25	Rolled BACON, per lb	12
2 tins Corned BEEF	90 cents.		

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THERE IS A TIDE

"In the affairs of men, which
Taken at the flood,
Leads—on to fortune."

It is flood tide with us at present, for our Stock is Complete and prices low.

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BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
103 Government St.

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NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES; a beautiful line just opened.
LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING;
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CARPETS, : LINOLEUMS, : CURTAIN : POLES, : WALLPAPER,
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Clothes Made to Order,
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STEAMER
ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89,
Until further notice,
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:

CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo ..... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Cumox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Cumox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11,
Taking effect March 22, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 4 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 10.30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sundays at 10 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 1 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
LEAVE New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 8.30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Saturday.

Fraser River Route.

Steamers leave New Westminster for Hope and way landings every Wednesday. For Chilliwhack and way landings every Monday and Saturday at 7 o'clock during river navigation.

Northern Route.

S. S. Sardonyx will leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves for Alberni Sound ports when sufficient inducements offer.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification.
Steamers leave on Standard Time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
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Dispatch steamer
Every five days for San Francisco
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FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
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The fast and commodious steamer
EVANGEL
Carrying U.S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every
MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,
At 9 o'clock (Monday and Thursday through to Neah Bay), touching at New Dungeness, Port Angeles, Crescent Bay, Sekiu River, Twin River, Pysht, Clallam Bay and Neah Bay. Returning Tuesday through to Seattle, Saturday to Port Angeles and return.
Through Connections for Port Angeles made at Port Townsend with boats from Victoria on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.
novl9 MORGAN & MANN, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons)
FRIDAY, April 25, 1890, 12 m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer,
MARIPOSA ..... SATURDAY, May 3, 1890, 12 m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails.
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

Esquimalt & Nanaimo RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 11
To take effect at 8:40 a.m. on Tuesday, October 15th, 1889.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Saturdays only	No. 5 Passenger Saturdays only	STATIONS.	GOING NORTH READ DOWN.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays only	No. 6 Passenger Saturdays only
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.			A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
	8 40	8 40	2 15	VICTORIA		12 05	4 10	7 40
	8 50	8 50	2 25	Duncan's		11 45	3 50	7 20
	9 20	9 20	2 55	Shawnigan Lake		11 15	3 20	6 50
	9 35	9 35	3 10	Cobble Hill		11 00	3 05	6 35
	9 45	9 45	3 20	McPherson's		10 50	2 55	6 25
	9 55	9 55	3 30	Bonsall		10 40	2 45	6 15
	10 05	10 05	3 40	Crofton		10 30	2 35	6 05
	10 15	10 15	3 50	Somenos		10 20	2 25	5 55
	10 25	10 25	4 00	Chemainus		10 10	2 15	5 45
	10 45	10 45	4 20	NANAIMO		9 50	1 55	5 25
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	WELLINGTON		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
	10 55	10 55	4 30			9 40	1 45	5 15

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return Monday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty five cents.
Through cars between Victoria and Nanaimo.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
E. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Pass Agent. Pass. A
oct14

RAILWAYS.

UNION PACIFIC

Tickets
ON SALE
—TO—
DENVER,
Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago,
ST PAUL, ST. LOUIS,
AND ALL POINTS
East, North & South,
UNION PACIFIC
RAILWAY.

STEAMERS.

Tacoma-Victoria Route.

Leave Tacoma		10:00 a.m.
Leave Seattle		10:45 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend		3:00 p.m.
Arrive Victoria		10:00 p.m.
Leave Victoria		10:00 a.m.
Leave Port Townsend		10:30 a.m.
Leave Seattle		3:15 p.m.
Arrive Tacoma		10:15 p.m.

Tacoma-Seattle Route.

Leave Tacoma—8:00 a.m.; 11:00 a.m.; 12:00 p.m.; 5:00 p.m.; 7:30 p.m.
Leave Seattle—7 a.m.; 10:00 a.m.; 12:00 p.m.; *1:00 p.m.
Boats leaving Tacoma 12:00 p.m., and Seattle at 1:00 a.m. and 1:00 p.m. land at Des Moines.

Seattle-Olympia Route.

Leave Seattle	*7:00 a.m.	Leave Olympia	†12:30 a.m.
Leave Tacoma	7:00 a.m.	Lv. Steilacoom	2:00 p.m.
Lv. Steilacoom	8:30 a.m.	Leave Tacoma	4:00 p.m.
Ar. Olympia	†10:30 a.m.	Arrive Seattle	†6:30 p.m.

—Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only. *Daily.

Whatcom, Semiahmoo and Blaine Route.

Stopping at all way landings.
Steamer leaves Seattle daily, except Saturday, for Whatcom at 11 p.m. Arrives at Whatcom daily, except Sunday, at 3 p.m.
Leaves Whatcom for Seattle daily, except Saturday, 2 p.m. Arrives at Seattle daily, except Sunday, 7 a.m.
Steamers from Semiahmoo and Blaine leave Whatcom every Saturday at 1 p.m. Returning, leave Blaine every Sunday at 10 a.m. for Whatcom and Seattle.

RAIL LINE.

"The Overland Flyer" leaves Portland at 4 p.m. daily, and carries Through Pullman Sleepers, Colonist Sleepers, Free Chair Cars and Coaches between Portland and Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Paul or Chicago.
"The Limited Fast Mail" leaves Portland at 7 a.m. daily, and carries Pullman Dining and Sleeping Cars between Portland and Chicago.

GEO. A. COOPER,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
No. 100 Government street, Victoria.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS
—THE—
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago, connections made in Union Depots with the Eastern lines, composed of:
DINING CARS, unsurpassed,
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of most modern construction,
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second class Tickets, and
—— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. ——
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First St., cor Washington, Portland, Or.
G. O. CHANDLER,
General Agent,
Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only Transcontinental Line
—RUNNING—
SOLID TRAINS
FROM PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC COAST
CONSISTING OF
Palace, Sleeping and Parlor Cars, Elegant Day Coaches, Luxurious Dining Cars, Commodious Colonist Sleepers—the latter free.
THROUGH :-: TICKETS
To St. Paul, Chicago, Detroit, Toronto, Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, New York, Boston, Portland and all points in the United States and Canada, can be purchased at less rate than via any other line.
Passengers booked
To and from all European Points
For rates, maps and particulars, call on, or address
A. CAMERON,
Agt. and Pass. Agent,
Government street, Victoria, B. C.
D. E. BROWN,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
Vancouver. mb19

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California, to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
No. 112 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt.

RACE OF THE BARQUES.

The Close Run of the Lebu and J. H. Hustede—Other Vessel, Time.

To the Editor—I drop you a few lines, knowing that by your paper of the 23rd of October, that you were greatly interested in the race home between my vessel, the barque Lebu, and Captain Reuler's barque the J. H. Hustede. It was a very fair race, as we were both towed out together by the tug Lorne within a quarter of an hour of each other, with all our sails set. Being dark, we soon lost sight of each other. It came on to blow hard from the southeast that night, and I lost several of my sails, also the company of the J. H. Hustede, who I thought would surely beat me home as my vessel was five inches by the head, which would naturally lead one to suppose the ship was out of trim; yet strange to say, it improved her sailing instead of decreasing it. I never fell in with her from casting off the tug, nor has anyone else. She is now 160 days on her passage. I was 118 days from Victoria to the Fastnet Rock, and fourteen days from there to Liverpool, which of course spoiled my passage, and gave our good old friend, Capt. Dunn, of the Titania, the pleasure of wearing the guinea hat that we had bet together, he giving me ten days on the passage, which he made in 111 days. Yet I think it would have been a close shave had I not been brought up all standing at the Fastnet, for I run from there the voyage before in thirty-four hours to Liverpool. The unfortunate Doris Broderson arrived at London last week 193 days on the passage, and the Tythonus is now 142 days out. Trusting that the Tythonus and the J. H. Hustede will arrive safely at their destination, and with my kindest regards to yourself and all friends at Victor, Very truly yours,

T. D. C. Lewis,
Master of the barque Lebu.

P. S.—Loading for New Zealand; sorry that I am not returning to the people that showed me ever so much kindness.

43 High Park street, Liverpool, April 1.

MINING ROYALTIES.

The Measure Unpopular in the Interior—Only one Official Favors it.

To the Editor.—In regard to the proposition of the government to grant large tracts of land to certain railways to encourage investments in that line to open up the province, the public will undoubtedly endorse the measure to a certain degree; but when grants are made allowing railway corporations to interfere with the control of minerals in any section, it will not only have a tendency to defeat the prosperity and development of the country, but it will engender complications leading to dissatisfaction and, perhaps open rebellion and bloodshed. The prospector will not attempt to locate claims, nor will capitalists purchase mines that are liable to a tax from a railway syndicate. It was fortunate for the government and the province that the mineral grant to Wright and Ainsworth, in South Kootenay was allowed to be cancelled by default of compliance with the terms of agreement; and notwithstanding the unpopularity of this charter, it seems that the Premier favors a similar mineral grant to at least five different railroad corporations, who would swing their alternate sections of land on to the discoveries of locators in all parts of the province. Just now, when foreign capital is becoming interested in our mineral resources, it seems like building up a barrier to the untold millions of English money that might be utilized in developing our mines to impose a tax of 5 per cent., which is a profit of itself larger than is returned on many foreign investments.

In discussing the measure with parties in this section, I found but one supporter of the mineral clause, and he was a Government official. Public opinion should have more than straw weight with Government representatives, who are bound to guard the general public interests.

If the miners' rights are jeopardized, they will use their best endeavors at the caucus and at the polls to defend themselves by electing men that will represent their interests rather than cater to syndicate monopolies, who, like Oliver Twist, are always asking for more.

In this connection, I try to call attention to the fact that there is an openly expressed opinion by many, that even in the grants of land subsidies to railroad and steamboat companies the Government should discriminate. For instance, it is currently reported that the short line of railway between Sproat's Landing and Nelson would have been built by the C. P. R. without a bonus, as it will be a paying enterprise, and the company were bound to build the line for their own protection in securing the trade of that section. If the statement is true, as it is believed to be, it is evident that the Government cannot afford to engender further distrust and dissatisfaction by repeating such examples of laxity of public interests.

Very respectfully, T. W. Haskins.

Revelstoke, April 15.

INDIGNANT MAINLANDERS.

Residents of North Arm Make a Protest Against Re-distribution.

A meeting of the North Arm branch of the Mainland Association was held on Friday evening and the following resolutions were carried unanimously:

Moved by W. H. Rowling, sr., and seconded by W. J. Brandrith, that whereas the interests of Vancouver Island differs in many respects from that of the Mainland, and whereas the inhabitants of Vancouver Island appear to think that that island is *British Columbia* and have had up to the present time the lion's share of our representation and revenue, be it therefore resolved that this meeting through our delegate urge upon the Mainland Association the necessity of taking immediate steps to make the Mainland and Vancouver Island separate provinces and allow them to paddle their own canoe and pay their own piper.

Resolved, that this meeting protest against any increase in the number of members in the Provincial parliament at the present time, but that there be a re-distribution of the present seats as nearly as may be by population.

Elocution and the culture of the voice. Frederic Adderley, Professor of Elocution (prize medallist, 1882) gives lessons in the above. Amateurs coached. For terms address 115 Government St. *

INTERIOR ITEMS.

News Notes Collected from the Interior Press—Mining Matters.

From the Kootenay Star.]

The river is reported clear of ice twelve miles from the Lake.

A valve blew out of engine 152 at Donald the other day and scalded the engineer badly.

Mr. John McLeod has been appointed superintendent of the Columbia & Kootenay Railway.

Trappers arriving from Griffin Lake report poor success. The severe weather of the past winter has been bad for their business.

The switch track leading to the steamboat dock will be about one mile in length. The iron on one half of it is laid, and the last half mile, which is the heaviest part of the work, will be finished about May 1st. Seventy-five men are now employed.

A warm rain for two days this week which softened the ice, gave hopes that steamers would be running next week, but Thursday night it turned cold again with wind from the north. It cannot be many days however before business on the river will be in full swing.

The C. P. R. have begun the construction of three scows which are to be used in transporting railroad material to Sproat. These, in addition to four steamers, one of which will rate at 150 tons, will probably constitute the necessary carrying capacity for building operations down the river.

Capt. John Irving is expected at Revelstoke from Victoria in a few days on the way to the Little Dalles, for the purpose of bringing up the steamer Kootenay, which has now been purchased by the Columbia & Kootenay Lake Transportation Company. This addition will make four steamers in the Columbia River fleet.

From the Sentinel.]

The first issue of the "Kootenay Miner" will appear towards the end of the month.

The recently discovered placer mines at Tatla Lake and the head waters of the Chilcotin River promises to become a veritable Eldorado.

A fatal epidemic seems to have broken out among the Indians of the reserve, and three of them have died within the past few days. August, an Indian well-known in town, was one of the victims.

General surprise is expressed at Empire Valley at the small appropriation of $200 for a ferry at that place. With $500 a good ferry might be established opposite Canoe Creek, which would be of a great benefit to the settlers.

The re-distribution bill is all the talk of the day. The universal opinion is that the mainland has not been fairly treated. According to the increased number of voters in all the districts in comparison with Esquimalt, Cowichan and Victoria, we should at least have four more members than the island.

The hydraulic miners at Lillooet are anxiously waiting for the creeks to rise so that they can commence work. The spring is very backward so far. The Vancouver Co. on Cayoosh Creek are getting along very well with their tunnel. They had to abandon their shaft for the present until they can get a pump from below.

The annual excursion and meeting of the Indians of British Columbia will be made to Seashell, 50 miles north of Vancouver, this summer. The first excursion train will leave Sicamous on June 1st and 3rd. The meeting will be continued until the 11th of June, and it is expected that all the tribes of the province will be represented there.

School Inspector D. Wilson arrived at Kamloops Wednesday, and inaugurated an examination of candidates for entrance to high schools at the public schools. Owing to pressing business elsewhere, he was unable to finish the examination himself, and left the papers with Principal Wood. The papers will be sent to him at Victoria, and the result announced later on.

The mining work in the Kootenay district is abnormally late on account of the last fall of snow, which occurred about ten days ago. The Upper Kootenay River is still frozen up, and there is a large quantity of ice in the outlet. The Galena started up the Upper Kootenay on Saturday in an attempt to break up the ice, but the trip is generally expected to prove a failure. A great many people are at Kootenai and Bonner's Ferry waiting for the river to open.

WELLINGTON SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

To the Editor of the Times.

Sir,—I see that the school committee has mildly censured the trustees of Wellington school for appointing Mr. Muir and Miss Ramsay to the same position. That is just where the committee exposes its ignorance of the ways of the Education Department.

A teacher was lately appointed from a rural school to the City of Vancouver school, who got a substitute to take her place in the rural school to teach the 30 days (notice) required. She drew the salary for the rural school and paid it to her substitute, yet the Department refuses to pay her for the first 30 days which she taught at Vancouver. (an orphan too, I believe). So you see that the trustees of Wellington ought to be commended in that they appointed the two teachers. Miss Ramsay's appointment to take effect so soon as she could leave North Cedar, which was arranged for October 1st. This arrangement would have been carried out to the satisfaction of all parties had the Education Department not interfered. By the manipulations of somebody the correspondence produced before the committee in relation to this matter has been kept out of print. Fair Play.

April 16th, 1890.

Rehearsal To-Night.

Usual practice of oratorio choruses will be held this evening in the hall of the Y. M. C. A. A large attendance from the union choirs as well as others not connected with choirs is requested as the time for the concert is drawing near and a lot of work has yet to be done. Rehearsal begins prompt at 8. Prof. Sharpe will be in charge, Mr. Brown not being able to be present through illness.

Never Here Before.

Some of the most unique designs in spring cloth, for gentlemen's wear. New line of spring suitings, displayed for first time in Victoria by Campbell & Simpkins, the fashionable Government street Tailors. *

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.

The Congregation Decide in Favor of Æneas McDonald's Tender.

After High Mass on Sunday, a meeting of the congregation of the R. C. Cathedral was held in the Bishop's palace, and his lordship opened and read the several tenders submitted, which were as follows:

Saul & Waite, $107,533, exclusive of altars, confessionals and pews.

Smith & Clarke, $99,981, exclusive of altars, confessionals, pews and stone windows.

Allan McCullough, $96,785, exclusive of altars, confessionals, pulpit and pews.

William Mortimer & Co., $93,655, exclusive of confessionals.

Elford & Smith, $89,740, exclusive of altars, confessionals, heating, pulpit and pews.

James Kelly, $85,000; pulpit, $180; confessionals, $15.30 each; pews, $28.25 each.

Æneas McDonald, $79,777; altars and confessionals, $3300; pulpit and pews, $1775.

George Moore, $73,000. No particulars.

On the opinion of the congregation being asked for, the contractor decided upon was Mr. McDonald, and as soon as the necessary bonds are signed and preliminaries made, the contract will probably be signed between the church dignitaries and him, and work will be immediately commenced.

SEPARATE TENDERS.

Several tenders for partial work were also opened and read, but the principal contractor will attend to that matter. Those submitted were as follows:

For painting and ornamental work, J. Donovan, $4,800; Richard Drake, $3,980.

For excavation, masonry and brickwork, supplying labor and material, Hugh McDonald, $61,500.

For supplying and cutting stone, Thos. Bradbury, $11,000.

For rose window in stone, Thomas Bradbury, $300. In galvanized iron, front window, $700, side window, $900, McLennan & McFeely.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. *

Fence Posts.

Split cedar fence posts for sale. Apply to A. C. Hawe, corner of Discovery and Government streets or to Scotch Bakery Douglas street.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

To See Our Stock.

DAVIDSON & BROS

55 YATES STREET.

R. F. VERRINDER,

L.M.D., D.D.S., L.D.S.,

Dental and Oral Surgeon.

Implantation of natural teeth, and crown and bridge work a specialty

NEW ENAMELLED PLATES FOR ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Office, 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C. feb14

INVENTOR OF AN APPARATUS FOR CLEFT PALATE

If you need artificial teeth call and see my improved plates. They differ from all others. They are like natural teeth, and will not drop while eating or speaking. The best is always the cheapest.

Dr. S. M. Hartman, Dentist, Office, 61 Government street.

Patronize Home Manufacture.

Field and Lawn Rollers, Garden Wheelbarrows,

THE BE-T IN THE MARKET.

Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Steel, cheap.

Rollers and Drills for Hire at

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP,

William Powell.

OYSTERS.

Good fresh native oysters by the sack. Orders addressed to JOHN BRENTON, Railway Crossing, Oyster Harbor, will receive prompt attention.

mh11-3m JNO. BRENTON.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, SAN FRANCISCO. 1

A DANGER SIGNAL.

A Cold in the Head may be aptly termed a danger signal, warning you that if neglected that dangerous and disagreeable disease, Catarrh, is sure to follow, perhaps leading to Consumption and the grave. At no season of the year is Cold in the Head more prevalent than during the Spring months, and as no season do the people of this country suffer more generally from catarrhal troubles. For some time I have suffered severely from catarrhal headache. NASAL BALM has removed every trace of it. I have every confidence in its completely curing me. It is deserving of all you claim for it. "A Positive Cure for Catarrh. Easy and Pleasant to use." I hope it will so prove for sale in every town and village in Manitoba.

D. Derbyshire, Mayor of Brockville and President of the Ontario Creamery Association, says: Nasal Balm beats the world for Catarrh and Cold in the Head. In my own case it effected relief from the first application.

Alex. Burns, Sudbury, Ont., says: I may state that I have been affected with Catarrh seven or eight years, and it was attended by consequent symptoms such as foul breath, constant dropping into the throat, hawking and spitting, partial deafness, ringing in the ears and sickening pains in the head directly over either eye. I have used powders and douches, but all to no effect, the only result arising from the use of each was temporary relief, followed by the usual symptoms in a more aggravated form. The results arising from the use of Nasal Balm: Sweet breath, stoppage of the droppings into the throat, (consequently less hawking and spitting), clearness of hearing, and not once since I began its use have I had pain in the head. In fact it is my opinion that a careful and persistant use of the Balm will effect a cure in the worst case of catarrh.

W. H. Sharp, of Treherne, Manitoba, says: I am delighted to be in a position to say that NASAL BALM is helping me wonderfully. It speedily cleared out the head and stopped the disagreeable droppings into the throat. For some time I have suffered severely from catarrhal headache. NASAL BALM has removed every trace of it. I have every confidence in its completely curing me. It is deserving of all you claim for it. "A Positive Cure for Catarrh. Easy and Pleasant to use." I hope it will so prove for sale in every town and village in Manitoba.

Nasal Balm

Instantly Relieves

Cold in Head

Nasal Balm

Positively Cures

Catarrh

J. H. A. Smith, of Spallumcheen, B. C. says: I have been using your Nasal Balm for some time, with the most gratifying results. My case of catarrh was a very bad one, but the Nasal Balm has cleared my head, stopped the droppings into my throat, in fact has made me feel quarter and better in every way. I look upon Nasal Balm as a perfect remedy.

L. D. Dion, Dept. Railways and Canals, Ottawa, says: I am very glad to give you to-day the testimony that Nasal Balm has completely cured my catarrh, from which I suffered for nearly three years.

Isaac Waterman, Imperial Oil Co', Petrolia, Ont., says: Nasal Balm gave me the most perfect satisfaction of any medicine I ever used for Cold in the Head. I found it easy to use, quick in giving relief and effecting a complete cure in a couple of hours.

Mr. John H. Adams, merchant, Brantford, says: I have used Nasal Balm for Catarrh, and found it to be a certain cure.

If Nasal Balm is not kept in stock by your dealers, it will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents for small and $1 for large size bottles) by addressing

t-uth-sa-w-alt Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont.

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, or to EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,

P. O. Box 1,311x, Seattle. n029-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C.

FISH'S

COMPOUND

EXTRACT

SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE

FOR THE

LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known.

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist

86 Blanchard Street, between Pandora and Johnson.

Pupil of the late Saml. Jno. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng.

Over 30 years experience in medicines.

HOUSES, -- LOTS, -- ACRES,

—FOR SALE.—

Very choice piece of Building land—about one acre—near Douglas street, about 200 feet from tramway.

In South Saanich.—100 acres Farming and. Very choice land.

Mansion on Michigan Street.

Two-storey Dwelling, and 2 Cottages and lot, also lot adjoining, on Pembroke street.

Two-storey Dwelling House and two lots, on King's road.

One building Lot on Hillside avenue.

Town lot 24 and Cottage, Esquimalt.

200 acres fine timber land in Esquimalt District.

100 acres do. do. do.

593 acres very choice Land in Esquimalt District, suitable for residential purposes, and within half-a-mile of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo R.R station.

Three acres very choice garden land in Victoria District, within two miles from city post office.

Splendid corner Lot and Dwelling House on Douglas street.

In Lake District, 123 acres timber land.

In South Saanich District, 250 acres choice bottom land.

Also 100 acres farming land south of Prairie Tavern.

To lease,—90 feet on Fort street, for a long time, on easy terms. A great bargain.

All the above properties will be sold on easy terms.

For particulars apply to—

H. F. Heisterman & Co.,

Land Agents, - - - - 8 Bastion Square.

Agents for the Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.
" " Phœnix (Fire) Insurance Co.
" " Western Fire Assurance Co. m22

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

Real Estate

—AND—

Financial Broker.

CITY PROPERTY a SPECIALTY

Some choice lots on very easy terms in the following parts of the city:

James Bay,
Work Estate,
Spring Ridge,
Gorge Road,
Saanich Road,
Victoria East,
Fernwood Estate.

Interest and Rents COLLECTED.

—AND—

Returns made Promptly.

CONVEYANCING

In all its branches
Executed expeditiously and carefully.

Fire and Life Insurance at Current Rates.

Money to Loan

AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.

We do not disparage the business of our confreres to build up a business,—but our dealings speaks for themselves.

51 Yates Street.

FONTHILL NURSERIES

Located in Welland County, Ont.

LARGEST IN THE DOMINION,

Over 800 Acres.

WYMAN CLARK, Business Manager for British Columbia.

Our Stock will be found to embrace all the choice and hardy varieties of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Small Fruits, Roses and Shrubs, and many fine specialties we alone control.

OFFICE—Room No. 4, Pemberton Block, corner Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

MORE GOOD SALESMEN WANTED. apl8tf

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-::-ON PARK ROAD-::-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize Winner in Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

LAND AND INVESTMENT

AGENCY

(Limited.)

Thomas Allsop, Henry S. Mason, Cuyler A. Hollands, } Directors.

HEAD OFFICE:

19 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage

AT LOW RATES.

TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS

For Sale on Easy Terms.

What Popular Clergyman will Fill this Chair?

TIMES' ARM CHAIR

CREATING A BIG SENSATION IN ALL PARTS OF THE CITY.

The Voting has Commenced in Earnest.

A GIFT PROVIDED BY THE TIMES—GIVEN BY THE PEOPLE.

The voting for THE TIMES' magnificent gift of a Turkish Easy Chair has commenced in earnest. The contest is the absorbing topic of conversation throughout the city, and much speculation is indulged in as to who will get the beautiful present.

THE TIMES has no favorite in this matter. Whoever the people choose to occupy the chair, to him will the chair be delivered free of all charge. There is no question of candidates in the contest, no clergyman has put himself before the people as an aspirant for the chair. It is simply optional with the readers of THE TIMES who shall have it.

THE CHAIR.

The accompanying picture will give our readers an idea of what the chair is like, if they have not already seen it in Kellogg's window. It is a magnificent Turkish easy chair, upholstered in finest morocco, stuffed with hair, the very acme of luxury and comfort, and guaranteed by its manufacturer, Jacob Sehl, to be the best chair of its description he has yet turned out.

A SUBSCRIPTION.

The voting for this chair will be a free will offering of the people to their pastors; those who send in the most votes are the ones who give the chair. Instead of passing around a paper, and letting each member place his or her name opposite an amount they are willing to give to buy the pastor a beautiful present, THE TIMES provides a suitable gift, and then asks its readers to say who shall have it. Simply cut the coupon from your evening paper, fill out the blank spaces, and send it in. Or if you wish to send more than one vote, secure extra copies of THE TIMES, which are always available.

CONDITIONS OF THE CONTEST.

The conditions of the contest are very simple.

Any reader of THE TIMES may vote as often as he chooses on the ballots cut from THE TIMES.

The votes must give the name of the clergyman voted for, and the name of the church with which he is connected.

The contest is open for Victoria clergymen only.

To be acceptable, the ballot must be cut from the paper. The ticket will be published daily until end of contest, and copies can always be obtained.

Address all ballots to

EASY CHAIR EDITOR,
TIMES OFFICE,
VICTORIA.

They may be left in box on THE TIMES' door, or sent through the post office.

THE COUPON.

WHO IS THE
Most Popular Clergyman in Victoria?
I vote for Rev. _____
of _____ Church,
for THE DAILY TIMES prize of a handsome Turkish Easy Chair.
Send this to the EASY CHAIR EDITOR, Times office.

STANDING AT NOON TO-DAY:

Bishop Lemmens	129
Rev. Pollard	61
Rev. D. Fraser	20
Rev. A. Beanlands	15
Rev. P. McF. McLeod	15
Bishop Cridge	11
Rev. Percival Jenns	10
Rev. J. E. Starr	6
Archdeacon Scriven	3
Bishop Hills	2
Rev. L. M. Rugg	1
Rev. W. W. Baer	1

THE 24th OF MAY.

Great Preparations at the Driving Park—Two Days Races.

One of the great attractions of the coming 24th of May festivities will be the Victoria Driving Park. The enterprising management, which made the first meeting of the club under the new rules such an immense success last fall, are doing everything to make the coming meeting a great deal more attractive.

It is intended among other things to offer prizes for bycicle riders of sufficient value to induce a large number of wheelmen to come together. The captains of the Seattle, Tacoma and Portland clubs have been communicated with and all are expected to compete. It is more than likely that a valuable cup will be offered for competition by the wheelmen.

The grounds for baseball are being put in good condition and in all probability arrangements will be made for the teams to go out there and play. Inducements will also be made to have the contest between the Victoria and Vancouver lacrosse clubs take place there.

The racing track is being put in very fine condition and by the time the races take place will be equal to any on the Pacific coast. Already six flyers are on the ground training for the Queen's plate, which will be the great event of the meeting. This race is open to Provincial bred horses only, which have not won a race before. Besides the six already on the ground, five more or expected within a day or two, so that at least a dozen starters and an immensely good race may be looked for. Horsemen should remember that entries for this race must be made before the 1st of May.

Two days races will take place, viz: on the 23rd and 24th of May.

A receiving booth will be erected for the Duke of Connaught, who, no doubt, enjoys a good horse race as much as anyone, and who will be pleased to see to what perfection the sport is being brought in this Province.

NAUTICAL NOTES.

Short Items Concerning the Marine Trade of the Port.

The sealer Sapphire leaves for the West Coast this afternoon.

The steamer Maude is to take a large cargo of steel pipes to Vancouver in a few days.

The steamer Skidegate is at Spratt's wharf waiting the unloading of a lumber scow she is to take to Burrard Inlet.

A large consignment of black cod has been barrelled and sorted for southern parts, and will be shipped from Spratt's wharf shortly.

The American schooner City of San Diego, Capt. J. W. Crew, entered port this morning from a sealing cruise. She has eighteen seal and three otter skins. She will remain a day or two to take on supplies, and leave for sea again.

Baby Carriages.

A fine line of baby carriages and wagons, at Shore & Anderson's, 147 Douglas street.

Thermometer at Kellogg's.

Average temperature to-day.....69°

General Committee.

The general committee of the Queen's Birthday Celebration and Duke of Connaught Reception, will meet at 8 o'clock this evening at the City Hall, to draw up a plan of sports and events for the amusement of the public. Sub-committees will also be appointed.

At Rehearsal.

Several members of the Y. M. I. are in active rehearsal for their entertainment to be given on the sixth of May. Some excellent voices will take part in the concert, and the comedy to be given is of a character best suited to amateurs, consequently the entertainment will be a success.

Police Court Blotter.

Three Sunday drunks occupied the prisoner's box this morning. W. Endberg, a seafaring man, paid $5 into the city treasury for being drunk as did T. A. Pope, a civil engineer. S. Reed, an inebriate who was not sober enough to understand why he was up, was sent back to the cells until to-morrow.

Fire Alarm Keys.

The keys of the fire alarm system have been given out, and in a few days the list of keyholders will be published. It is also intended to have notices placed on each box, stating where the nearest key can be found. The first alarm of fire has yet to come in, and the longer it is delayed the better.

K. of P.

The Knights of Pythias will be in session to-morrow, with delegates from Vancouver and Nanaimo in attendance. A delegate will likely attend the Supreme Lodge session to be held during the summer in the east. Visiting delegates in the city to-day were under the sheltering wing of Captain Behnsen, and were well cared for.

Ownerless Dogs.

Hundreds of tagless, and therefore legally ownerless dogs, infest the city, and especially those parts contiguous to Indian and Chinese habitations. The incessant yelpings and howlings of the miserable animals disturbs the rest of many a citizen, and blessings would be showered on the poundkeeper's head if he would take steps to abate the nuisance.

Saloon Transfer.

Mr. Wm. Croft, the well known boniface of the Royal Hotel, has purchased Mrs. A. C. Couves' interest in the Brown Jug, and in conjunction with Matt. Powers will conduct the same as a first class resort after the style of his present hostelry, which he will still retain. The new proprietors will take charge of the Brown Jug on May 1st and refit it in gorgeous style.

Buoys Reclaimed.

The U. S. lighthouse steamer Manzanita steamed down through the railway bridge on Saturday afternoon and took on board two of UncleSam's buoys, which were picked up at sea some time ago. One was the prize of the sealing schooner W. P. Sayward, the other the tug Pilot's prize. It is understood that the United States Government allowed the captors $25 each for the buoys.

Satchel Found.

Police Officer Irving found a lady's satchel on a street corner near the outer wharf last night. The satchel contained a handkerchief, a bunch of keys, a gold pencil, a bead purse and other little trinkets. There was no money in the purse, and the side of the satchel was cut open. If it was stolen the thief evidently threw the satchel away after taking the coin from the purse.

Wedding Bells.

Miss Annie Penketh, a young lady formerly a resident in Victoria, and whose fine singing made her well and favorably known, is to be married at Seattle on Thursday next to Mr. Harmon Cashey, of Ohio. Miss Collis, of Victoria, will go over to act as bridesmaid. After the ceremony the happy couple will spend their honeymoon in this city, where the bride has many friends.

From the North.

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz arrived this morning from northern parts with a cargo of box lumber. Among her passengers were Messrs. W. Crawford, D. C. Esson, S. Anderson, C. Myer and Mrs. H. Grant. No special news was brought, everything being quiet. Lots of snow is reported on the islands and coast. The Boscowitz will leave again on Wednesday at 4 o'clock, and is now loading at Hall & Goepel's wharf.

For Mr. Loewen's Comfort.

A thick layer of tan has been spread on Pandora street for some distance in front of Mr. Loewen's residence to deaden the noise of the traffic passing, so that the invalid's rest may not be broken. Mr. Loewen's condition is still very serious, and absolute quiet is necessary. By special request orders have been given not to ring the Tiger fire bell until he is better, although when the alarm on Friday evening was sounded, some outside parties, not firemen, rang the bell. This will not be repeated.

Painful Accident.

About three weeks ago, Dr. Jackson met with a mishap whereby one of his legs was injured and his face bruised. On Saturday afternoon last while near Prospect Lake, the horse he was driving became suddenly frightened, and jumping to one side of the road caused the vehicle to go over the embankment, whereby the doctor's right leg above the ankle was broken. Luckily another gentleman was with him and medical assistance was procured as soon as possible, but not as soon as could be wished for. Suffering great pain the doctor was taken home where he is now resting as easily as could be expected.

Commence voting with the coupon in this paper. You cannot begin too soon, for your neighbors are just as anxious that their pastor shall have this luxurious chair as you are that yours shall have it.

Coal News.

Coal at Vancouver has been raised to $9 per ton while in Victoria it remains at the same old price. The Central Coal Yard and the Rock Bay Coal Yard have been merged into one and hereafter will be carried on under the name of the Central Coal Yard. Orders to be left at 90½ Government street. *

TO JOIN HANDS.

French Benevolent Association will Amalgamate with the Jubilee Hospital.

An extraordinary meeting of the French Benevolent Mutual Association was held last Friday evening in the hospital parlor.

The meeting was called for the purpose of ascertaining the views of the members as to amalgamating with some other hospital. After considerable discussion among the members it was decided to wait upon the committee of the Royal Jubilee Hospital, and ascertain upon what terms the French Benevolent and Mutual Association can join them.

A SCOUNDREL'S WORK.

Dastardly Deed of a Midnight Marauder—Is He Insane?

For cool cheek, an occurrence that took place in this city last night stands unparalleled. The affair happened at the residence of Mrs. Heathorn, Rock Bay, and if the guilty party should be caught will figure in an unenviable position.

The affair it is thought occurred about midnight, when some unknown party entered the stable and noiselessly harnessing the family's horse to a buggy took a drive. It appears that the horse was nearly driven to death, and when the unbeknown midnight personage returned he gave the horse a long drink of water. This morning when Mr. W. Heathorn went to the stable he found the horse trembling, stiff and a pitiful object to look at, owing to drinking water when over-heated. It was at once taken to a veterinary surgeon and some hopes are entertained that it will recover.

The mystery now is who the party is that had the boldness for such a daring deed. A noise was heard in the stable during the night but no attention was paid to it naturally enough. So far the family have not the least suspicion, but no stone will be left unturned to sift the affair to the bottom.

BRIEF LOCALS.

The Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

The Umatilla from San Francisco is due to-morrow night.

Largest variety of clothing in Victoria. Gilmore & McCandless. *

A rehearsal of Erminie will take place at Philharmonic Hall this evening.

There will be a big meeting to-night in Vancouver to discuss the Redistribution Bill.

The Islander did not leave Vancouver till 5:35 last evening, arriving here at 11 o'clock.

The yellow dandelion is now making the roadsides and banks beautiful with its rich color.

Two large plate glass windows are being placed in Campbell & Simpkins' tailor establishment.

The first Raymond excursion party of the season arrived in Victoria Saturday evening from Boston.

Take your spring suits to John T. Pierre to be cleaned and repaired. He makes it a specialty. 96 Yates St. *

The winners in Pennock & Clayton's watch club drawing on Saturday evening were Messrs. H. R. Ella and P. Gregg.

Fresh Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, Young Bros., Government street. Telephone Call, No. 161. *

The Park was thronged with people yesterday. The general opinion was that the improvements begun should have been finished.

The conducting arm on one of the street cars broke this morning on Government street and fell to the ground, disabling the car for a time.

There was a free fight among a crowd of sailors on lower Yates street yesterday afternoon. One strapping sailor stripped to the buff was very brutal.

The steamer Yosemite did not go up to the Mainland this morning, owing to receiving a patch on her boiler. The Princess Louise took her place for one trip.

Victoria is a great city for boating. Yesterday afternoon not a single row boat could be found disengaged. Everything had been pressed into use for a trip up the Arm.

A. Godfrey, of Vancouver, had in his possession the other day a monstrosity in the shape of a live salmon with two perfectly developed heads. It did not survive long in its artificial home.

Andrew Nelson appeared before the Hon. Justice Drake this morning under the Speedy Trials Act to answer to the charge of tapping the till of the Vancouver Hotel. His sentence was nine months.

A strike occurred to-day among the printers on the Seattle Times newspaper. The men demand pay for 13 ems, the present measurement being 11½. Non-union printers from this city were telegraphed for, and fifteen are wanted.

A contralto solo by Mrs. Clark in St. Andrew's Presbyterian church last evening was one of the most perfectly rendered gems ever heard here, and was highly appreciated by the immense congregation.

The representatives of the different papers at the House of Assembly have been organized as a Press Gallery Association for purposes offensive and defensive, executive and administrative. The gallery will jealously guard its honor, advance its interests, protect its members, and by virtue of a charter received from Mr. Speaker correct sundry abuses which are too numerous to mention.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Work Completed and Under Construction—New Cells.

The new addition to the City Hall is beginning to take on shape, and shows that it will be a fine looking piece of work when completed. Work on the upper story is now being done, and the central tower will be gone on with soon.

The windows put into the upper part of the hall over the council chambers, add much to the appearance of the building.

The addition to the city cells is now completed, Contractor Moore having made a good job of it. Three new, ventilated and lighted cells, and an office for the officers of the watch, with all modern sanitary improvements, have been made. A place is now ready for female prisoners or lunatics.

The new addition for fire hall and police barracks purposes has been taken over by the city, Contractor Ross having completed his work.

A solid fence is soon to be put up between the cells and Cormorant street, and the enclosed space utilized as a yard for prisoners.

Notice.

Any votes for the Easy Chair cast for persons, not regularly ordained ministers, will be refused.

If you want a real good shine with no mess and dispatch, go to Fred J. Richards, the champion shoe black, at his new stand in Whittaker's barber shop. The best shine in the city. Open from 7 a. m. until 8 p. m.; Sundays, 7 a. m. to 12 noon. Late of San Francisco. *

Every copy of the TIMES contains one vote for the arm-chair.

Pennock & Clayton,
Pennock & Clayton
Leading Manufacturing Jewelers,
Leading Manufacturing Jewelers,
British Columbia,
British Columbia,
47 Government Street, Victoria
47 Government Street, Victoria.

DIED.

ROSS—In this city, on Sunday the 20th inst., Marian, beloved wife of Adam Ross, second daughter of the late Michael Muir of Sooke, aged 23 years.

Funeral will be held at her mother's residence, Sooke.

POLLOCK—On Friday, 18th inst., at his home Cedar Hill, William, second son of the late Charles Pollock, aged 19 years and 6 months.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR NAIS RIVER AND WAY PORTS.
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
Will sail for the North on
WEDNESDAY NEXT at 1 P. M.
From Janion's wharf for Fort Simpson and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
ap21 Government street.

GERVAS F. WAKE & CO
REAL ESTATE AGENTS
52 LANGLEY STREET.

Property on Esquimalt road.
Lots on Fort, Collinson, Alfred and Henry streets.
Lots on Fernwood Estate and Stanley Avenue.
Lots on James Bay.
10 Acres, Cedar Hill road.
27 Acres, with House, etc., on Gordon Head road.
14 Acres, with House, etc., on Gordon Head road.
House and Lot on Alfred street.
Residences on Cook, Fort and View streets.
Lots on Beacon Hill.
10 Acres, Burnside road.
290 Acres, Pender Island.

Special Notice.
WE HAVE
BUILDING LOTS
—ON—
SAANICH ROAD
For $250 and upwards.
Also Lots on the
Craigflower, Victoria West, James Bay, Cadboro Bay, Foul Bay, Oak Bay and Fernwood, all on easy terms.

Elec Tramway Shares for Sale.
T. G. RAYNER,
Real Estate, Stock and Share Broker,
BANK BUILDINGS, TROUNCE AVE.

GOLD, WHALES & HONEY.
Honey in Manitoba.
Whales in Hudson's Bay.
Gold in British Columbia.
And rich nuggets all through
THE COLONIST.
A mine of curious and interesting reading. Have you seen it? A 32-page illustrated magazine on fine paper. A perfect guide to Western Canada from Lake Superior to the Pacific Ocean.
SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE. STAMPS TAKEN.
Address—THE COLONIST, Winnipeg, Can.

FEAST OF DAYS.
LADIES' AID SOCIETY
—OF—
St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church
Will hold the above Feast in the School Room of the Church,
ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23rd.
Open at 11 a. m. Admittance 25 cents.
Lunch will be served in the Lecture Hall from 12 till 2. ap22d

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SIX
X
SIX SOUND REASONS
WHY YOU SHOULD
TRADE WITH US:
ONE FOR EVERY DAY IN THE that our store is open.
MONDAY
You want to Save Time, and we can suit you without the loss of a minute.
TUESDAY.
You want to save money; we can help you there.
WEDNESDAY.
You want an extra good; it's here.
THURSDAY.
Can't leave the house, and want to send the child where he'll get treated right.
FRIDAY.
You want a lucky purchase to commemorate the end of the week; we game always here.
SATURDAY.
You want to feel good all day Sunday and that brings you to us.
Alpaca COATS.
Boys' CLOTHING.
Calico SHIRTS.
Dusters, LINEN.
Elastic BELTS.
Flannel SHIRTS.
GURNSEYS.
HATS, all kinds.
Jean PANTS.
Kid GLOVES.
Laced SHIRTS.
Men's CLOTHING.
NECKWEAR.
OVERCOATS, spring.
PANTS, all kinds.
QUILTS.
Regatta SHIRTS.
Straw HATS.
TOWELS.
UNDERWEAR.
VALISES.
White SHIRTS.
In endless variety at
CAMERON'S cash store,
55 Johnson street.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE
THE BR. BARQUE

EARL DERBY,
Capt. Stephenson,
From London.
Will commence discharging cargo to-morrow morning at the inner harbor at 8 o'clock.
Consignees of cargo are requested to present bills of lading, duly endorsed, and pay freight, and receive delivery orders for the goods.
All goods left on the wharf after 5 p.m. each day will be at the risk and expense of consignees thereof, and liable to be warehoused for their account.
ROBERT WARD & CO.,
ap18-1w Consignees of Vessel.

NOTICE.
ALL THOSE who take an interest in the establishment of a new Building, Loan and Investment Association can obtain Prospectus of the undersigned, and are requested to attend the Initiatory Meeting on Friday next, at 8 p.m., at Harmony Hall.
JAS. A. COHEN,
ap19-td Printer, 38 Fort st.

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that certain alterations having been made to the original plan and specifications of the proposed work on James Bay bridge, tenderers on the said work are hereby requested to consult the said alterations (which may be seen at the office of the City Surveyor) before completing and handing in their tenders.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, April 18, 1890. ap18

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Monday and Tuesday Evenings,
The 28th and 29th April,
2 GRAND PERFORMANCES 2
Of the highly successful Comic Opera,
ERMINIE,
In aid of the
B. C. BENEVOLENT SOCIETY
LARGE CHORUS OF 50 VOICES.
FULL ORCHESTRA.
Elegant Costumes and Appointments, Made in San Francisco expressly for this production.
PRICES OF ADMISSION:
Parquette, $1.00; Dress Circle, $1.00; Gallery, 50 cents.
TICKETS are now on sale, and can be obtained from any member of the Committee of the Benevolent Society, or at the leading stores. Reserve seats at Leather's Music Store on and after Monday, the 21st instant. ap18-10

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Government street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.